

Models
DKVLT-050
DKVLT-075
DKVLT-100
DKVLT-150
DKVLT-200
DKVLT-299



WALL MOUNTED
GAS BOILER

# INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL



050/075/100 SIZE SHOWN













ECR International Inc. 2201 Dwyer Avenue, Utica, NY 13501 Tel. 800 253 7900



### **VERIFY CONTENTS RECEIVED**

			<b>bo-C</b>
Fully Assembled Boiler (50-100 size shown)	Metal Wall Bracket w/ Lag Bolt, 3/8" x 3" Hex (4 ea)	*Safety Relief Valve w/ 3/4" Tee, 3/4" Nipple, 3/4" x 1/4" Elbow and Air Vent	**Temperature Pressure Gauge w/ 3/4" x 1/4" Bushing, 3/4" Nipple, 1¼ x 5½ 4" Tee,
	Used for electrical wire knockouts	Used for packaging holes on back of boiler	Used for packaging holes on back of boiler
Drain Valve, 3/4", 3/4" Tee, 3/4" Tee	Bushing 7/8" OD, Heyco (2 ea)	Stopper, Rubber 5/16" (2 ea)	Plastic Plug (2 ea)
Used for measuring outside temperature	11" x 17" Page for critical installation issues.	Includes essential documents.	
Outdoor Sensor	Critical Installation Instruction	Document Package	

<sup>\*</sup> Boiler provided with 30 psig (206 kpa) safety relief valve. Field source safety relief valve if system pressure greater than 25 psig.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Boiler provided with 75 psig temperature pressure gauge. Field source temperature pressure gauge if system pressure greater than 60 psig.

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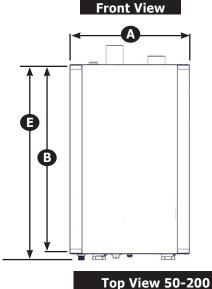
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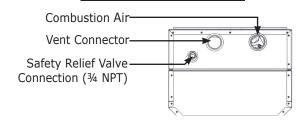
### **PHYSICAL DATA**

Table 1: Physical Data				
М	odels	050/075/100	150/200	299
Width (A)		20" (508mm)	23" (584mm)	
Height (B)		31" (787mm)	42" (10	)67mm)
Depth (C)		14-¾" (375mm)	16.0" (406mm)	18.4" (467mm)
Bracket (D)		27.7" (704mm)	38.7" (	983mm)
Height (E)		32" (813mm)	43" (10	)92mm)
	Size (F)	1-1/4" NPT	1-1/4" NPT	
Water Connections	Location (G)	2" (51mm)	2" (51mm)	3" (51mm)
	Location (H)	5" (127mm)	3" (76mm)	2.6" (66mm)
	Location (I)	3-½" (89mm)	4-½ (112mm)	4-¾" (114mm)
Gas Connection	Location (J)	4- <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (124mm)	7-¾ " (197mm)	
Connection	Size (K)	1/2" NPT	3/4" NPT	
Condensate Drain Co	onnection (L)	3/4" NPT	3/4" NPT	
Weight	Shipping	111 lb (50 kg)	~182 lb (83 kg)	~225 lb (102 kg)
	Unit	91 lb (41 kg)	~157 lb (71kg)	~195 lb (89 kg)
Vent Connector		2" (51mm)	3" (76mm)	

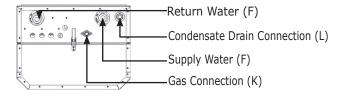
### **PHYSICAL DATA**

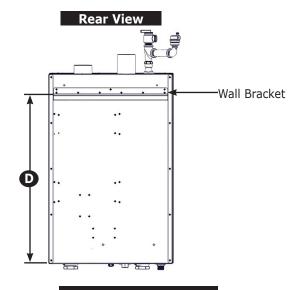
#### **Dimensions**



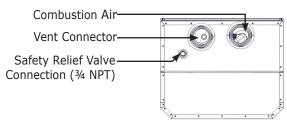


**Bottom View** Connection **Identification 50-100 MBH** 

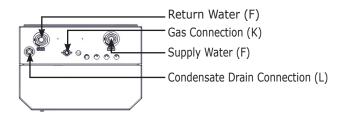




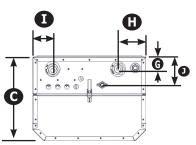
### Top View 299



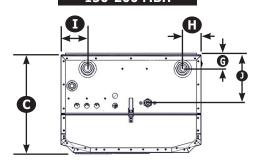
### **Bottom View** Connection Identification 150-299 MBH



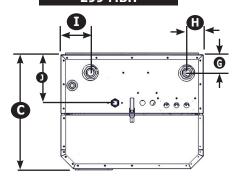




### **Bottom View Dimensions** 150-200 MBH



### **Bottom View Dimensions** 299 MBH



#### 1 - IMPORTANT INFORMATION

#### 1. SAFETY INFORMATION

Boiler installation shall be completed by qualified agency. See glossary for additional information.

### **WARNING**

Fire, explosion, asphyxiation and electrical shock hazard. Improper installation could result in death or serious injury. Read this manual and understand all requirements before beginning installation.

Become familiar with symbols identifying potential hazards.



This is the safety alert symbol. Symbol alerts you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages following this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

### DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in death or serious injury.

### **AWARNING**

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

### **A** CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

### **A** CAUTION

### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

### **A**WARNING

Do not tamper with or use this boiler for any purpose other than its intended use. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious injury. Use only manufacturer recommended parts and accessories.

### **A** CAUTION

Laceration, burn hazard. Metal edges and parts may have sharp edges and/or may be hot. Use appropriate personal protection equipment to include safety glasses and gloves when installing or servicing this boiler. Failure to follow these instructions could result in minor or moderate injury.

#### 2 - INTRODUCTION

#### 2 - INTRODUCTION

- **2.1** Installation shall conform to requirements of authority having jurisdiction or in absence of such requirements:
  - United States
    - National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
    - National Electrical Code, NFPA 70.
- **2.2** Where required by authority having jurisdiction, installation shall conform to Standard for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, ANSI/ASME CSD-1. Additional manual reset low water cutoff may be required.

#### 2.3 Requirements for Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

Boiler installation must conform to Commonwealth of Massachusetts code 248 CMR which includes but is not limited to:

Installation by licensed plumber or gas fitter.

#### 2.4 Designated Use

- · Hot water heating boiler.
- Indoor installation.
- · Closet or alcove installation.
- · Direct vent boiler.
- For use with natural gas or liquefied petroleum gases (LP/propane).

#### 2.5 The unit MUST NOT:

- Directly heat potable water. Indirect heating is acceptable.
- Heat water with non-hydronic heating system chemicals present (example, swimming pool water).
- Exceed 150 psig (1.03 MPa) maximum allowable working pressure.
- Exceed 195°F (90.5°C) system design temperature.

### 2.6 Operational Features

- Modulating: 20-100%.
- Integral Dual Limit.
- Integral Low Water Cutoff (with test button).
- Outdoor Temperature Reset.
- Integral Multiple Boiler Control.
- Heat exchanger over heat protection.

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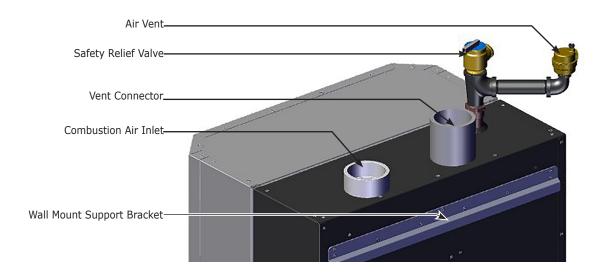
Information and specifications outlined in this manual in effect at the time of printing of this manual. ECR International reserves the right to discontinue, change specifications or system design at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation, whatsoever.

## 3.1 Component Listing - Refer to diagrams on following pages.

- 1. <u>User Interface</u> Displays information regarding boiler condition. Allows adjustment of boiler operating parameters. NOTE: Does not replace thermostat used to control central heating space.
- 2. Combustion Air Inlet (2"/3") See section 6.
- **3.** Return Water From Heating System (In) Connection supplied at bottom of boiler. See section 5.
- **4.** <u>Low Voltage Terminal Strip Connection</u> of all low voltage wiring, including thermostat.
- **5.** <u>Igniter</u>
- **6.** Flame Sensor
- 7. Sight Glass permits observation of burner flame.
- **8.** Burner (see page 43)
- 9. Heat Exchanger
- 10. Condensate Collector
- 11. Return Water Temperature Sensor
- **12.** <u>Drain Valve</u> (see page 16)
- 13. Internal Primary Loop Ball Valve
- **14.** <u>Supply Water Outlet to Heating System</u> (Out) Connections supplied for connecting from bottom of boiler. See section 5.
- **15.** <u>Vent Temperature Sensor</u>
- **16.** Condensate Drain Boiler produces a liquid (condensate) as a by-product of combustion. Condensate must be piped to appropriate drain. See section 6.
- **17.** Heat Exchanger Pump
- **18.** Gas Shutoff Valve Fuel supply isolation during servicing. See section 7
- **19.** <u>Combustion Air Blower</u> Delivers proper quantity of combustion air, receives fuel from gas valve, mixes air and fuel sending mixture to burner for combustion.
- **20.** <u>Gas (Control) Valve</u> Delivers proper quantity of fuel to Combustion Air Blower. See section 7.

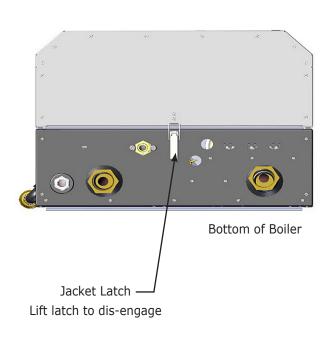
- **21.** Supply Water Temperature Sensor and High Limit Switch
- **22.** <u>Low Water Cutoff</u> Senses inadequate quantity of water. Turns off boiler before damage can occur.
- **23.** <u>Safety Relief Valve Factory</u> supplied, Field installed. See section 5.
- **24.** <u>High Voltage Junction Box</u> For connection of 120V components. See section 8.
- 25. Vent Connector See section 6.
- **26.** Gas Connection See section 7.
- **27.** Wall Hanging Support Bracket (see page 13) Integral to boiler. Allows wall mounting when used with supplied wall mounting bracket. See section 4.
- 28. Air Vent
- **29.** Boiler Control Module
- **30.** <u>Transformer</u> Supplies 24V power to low water cutoff.
- **31.** <u>Flue Air Mixture Pressure Test Port</u> Not available on all models.
- **32.** Combustion Analysis Test Port
- **33.** <u>Internal Pump Relay</u> Not available on all models.
- **34.** Heat Exchanger Surface Temperature Switch
- 35. ASME Plate

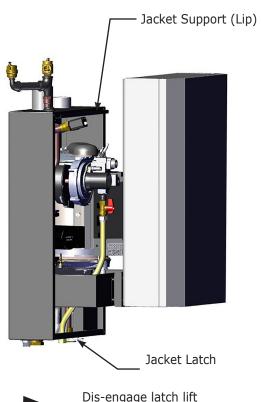
FIGURE 3-1 Boiler Components (Viewed from Back of Boiler)



**FIGURE 3-2 Jacket Removal** -Viewed from Bottom of Boiler (50-100 MBH shown)

**FIGURE 3-3 Jacket Removal** -Viewed from Left Side of Boiler (50-100 MBH shown)





Dis-engage latch lift jacket up and off jacket support

FIGURE 3-4 Boiler Components 50/75/100 MBH (View from Front of Boiler) As seen on front cover

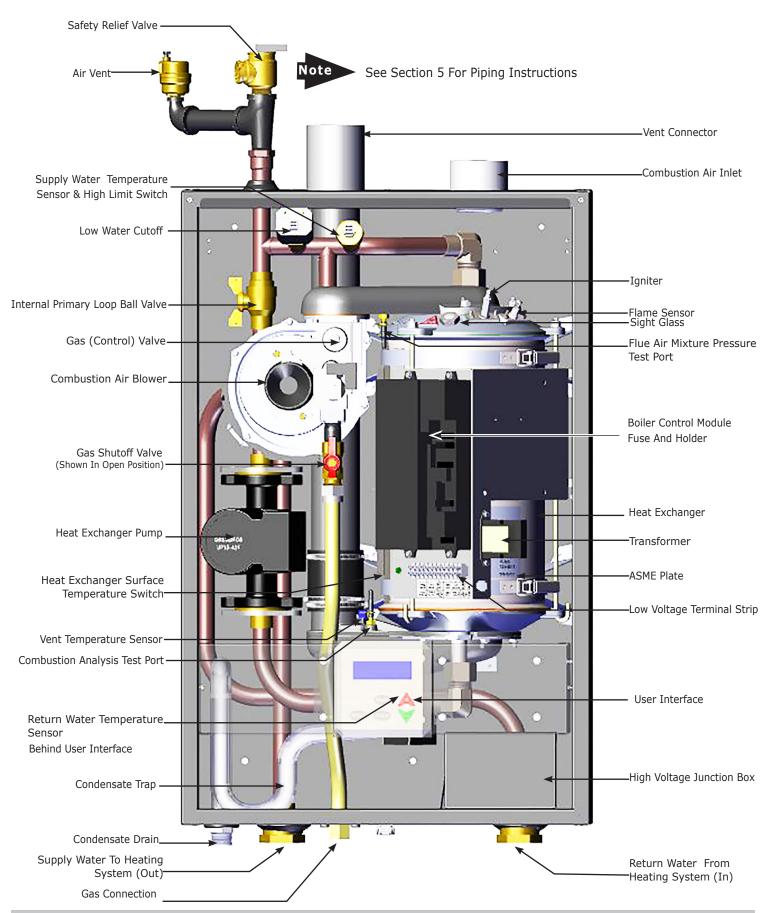
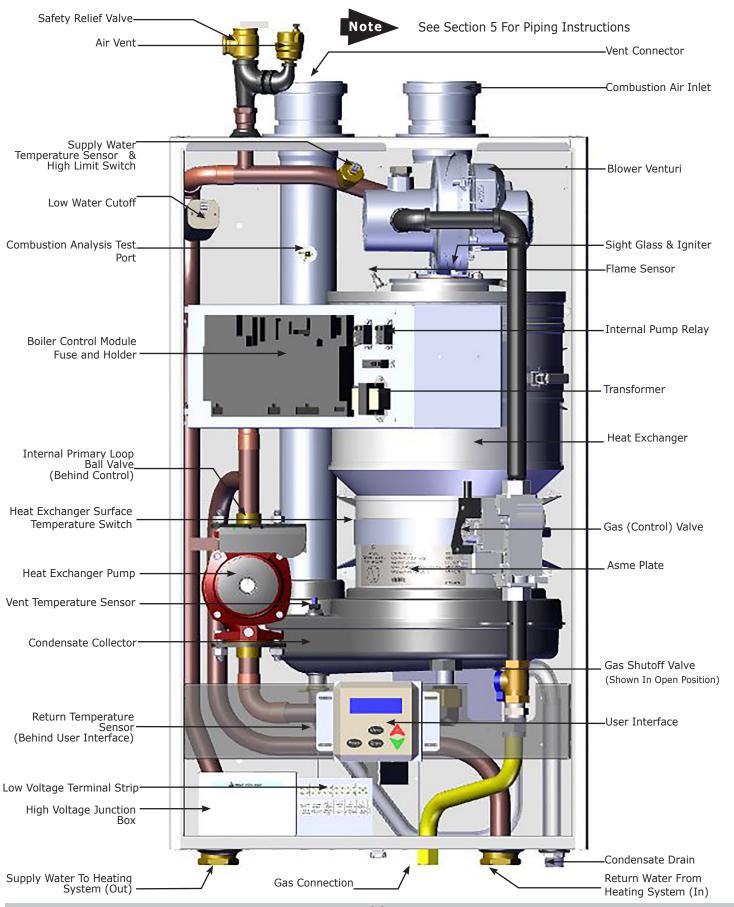


FIGURE 3-5 Boiler Components 299 MBH (View from Front of Boiler)



#### 4 - LOCATING BOILER

#### 4.1 Boiler Location Considerations

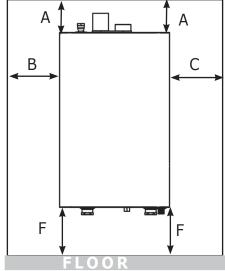
- Ambient room temperature always above 32°F (0°C) to prevent freezing of liquid condensate.
- · Approved for installation in closets.
- Protect gas ignition system components from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during operation and service (circulator replacement, condensate trap, control replacement, etc.).
- · Wall mount only.
- Access to outdoors to meet minimum and maximum pipe lengths for combustion air and vent piping. See section 6.
- Disposal of condensate. See section 6.
- Drainage of water (or water antifreeze solution) during boiler service or from safety relief valve discharge. See section 5.
- Access to system water piping, gas supply, and electrical service. See sections 5, 7 and 8.
- Clearances to combustible materials and service clearances. See Table 2 and figure 4-1.
- Multiple Boilers can be wall mounted, placed side by side, or back to back.

TABLE 2: BOILER CLEARANCES			
Dimension	Combustible Materials (1)	Service <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	
Model 050/075/100/		150/200/299	
Top (A)	0" (0 cm)	14" (36 cm)	
Left Side (B)	0" (0 cm)	0" (0 cm)	
Right Side (C)	0" (0 cm)	0" (0 cm)	
Front (D)	0" (0 cm)	6" (16 cm)	
Back (E)	0" (0 cm)	0" (0 cm)	
Bottom (F)	0" (0 cm)	12" (32 cm)	
Combustion Air/Vent piping	0" (0 cm)	6" (16 cm)	
Hot Water Piping	See local code	6" (16 cm)	

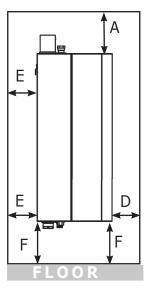
<sup>(1)</sup> Required distances measured from boiler jacket.

FIGURE 4-1 Clearance to Combustible Materials

Boiler Front View



Boiler Left Side View



 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Service, proper operation clearance recommendation.

#### 4 - LOCATING BOILER

### **A** CAUTION

Boiler weight exceeds 75 pounds (34 kg). Do not lift boiler onto wall without assistance.



Lift boiler using chassis. Using front jacket, vent piping, water or gas fittings to lift boiler may cause damage to the boiler.



Use two (2) wrenches when tightening and fitting to pipe boiler's threaded fittings. Boiler's internal piping can be damaged if subjected to excessive torque.

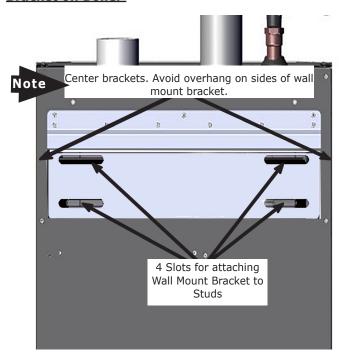
**4.2** Pre-pipe supply and return water connections with factory fittings before wall mounting.

#### 4.3 Wall Mounting

Mount boiler on wall using wall mounting bracket included with unit.

- Structure must be capable of supporting boiler weight plus 60 lbs (28 kg). See Table , page 4.
- Wall mount bracket has 4 slots allowing mounting on two (2) wall studs spaced at 11½" to 16½" on center. See figure 4-2.
- Boiler includes (4) 3/8" x 3" lag screws and (4)
  washers for attaching wall mount bracket to wood
  studs. Field source appropriate fasteners for other wall
  constructions (masonry, concrete).
- Attach wall mount bracket level on wall.
- Boiler must engage with wall mount bracket.
- Avoid overhang on sides of wall mount bracket. Verify boiler bracket is centered on wall bracket. See figure 4-2.
- When mounting boiler onto wall insert two plastic stoppers and two plastic plugs to packaging holes on back of boiler. See parts listed on page 2.
- Mount boiler vertically or slightly tilted backward to insure the low water cutoff functions properly. See figure 4-3 for low water cutoff orientation.

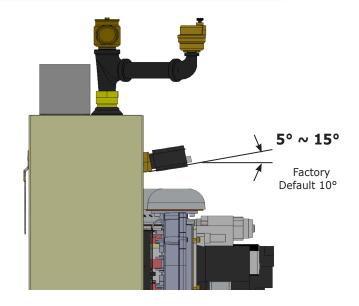
## FIGURE 4-2 Wall Mount Bracket Engaged with Bracket on Boiler



### **WARNING**

Fire, explosion hazard. Mount boiler vertically or slightly tilted backward to insure proper function of low water cutoff. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

FIGURE 4-3 Low Water Cutoff Orientation



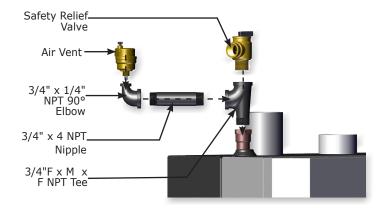


Boiler rated at 150 psig (1.03 MPa) maximum allowable working pressure. Boiler provided with 30 psig (206 kPa) safety relief valve. Field source safety relief valve for system pressures greater than 25 psig. Temperature Pressure Gauge satisfactory for 60 psig operation. Field source temperature pressure gauge for system pressures greater than 60 psig.

## **FIGURE 5-1 Safety Relief Valve & Air Vent** (Viewed from front of boiler)



Position Air Vent and Safety Relief Valve to provide space for discharge piping.



### **A** WARNING

- Poison hazard. Ethylene glycol is toxic. Do not use ethylene glycol.
- Never use automotive or standard glycol antifreeze, even ethylene glycol made for hydronic systems.
- Ethylene glycol can attack gaskets and seals used in hydronic systems.
- Use only inhibited propylene glycol solutions certified by fluid manufacturer as acceptable for use with closed water heating system.
- Thoroughly clean and flush any system that used glycol before installing new Boiler.
- Provide user with Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) on fluid used.

#### 5.1 General

- Install piping in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.
- Support system piping and safety relief valve discharge piping. Boiler's internal piping and wall mount bracket can be damaged if subjected to excessive weight.
- Size central heating pump (and domestic hot water pump, if used) for system requirements only. Internal heat exchanger pump compensates for pressure drop through boiler internal piping and heat exchanger.
- Thoroughly clean and flush system before connecting to boiler.
- If oil is present in system water, use approved detergent to wash system.
- Flush system to remove any solid objects such as metal chips, fibers, or Teflon tape, etc.

### 5.2 Special Conditions



Do not expose boiler and condensate piping to freezing temperatures.

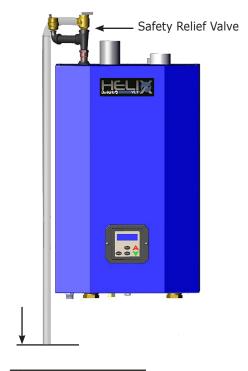
- System piping exposed to freezing conditions: Use inhibited propylene glycol solutions certified by fluid manufacturer for use with closed water heating system.
   Do not use automotive or ethylene glycol.
- Boiler installed above radiation level (or as required by authority having jurisdiction). Integral low water cutoff provided in boiler. See pages 10 & 11.
- Boiler used in connection with refrigeration system.
   Install piping in parallel with boiler, with appropriate valves to prevent chilled medium from entering boiler.
- System piping connected to heating coils located in air handling unit exposed to refrigerated air circulation.
   Install flow control valves or other automatic means to prevent gravity circulation of boiler water during cooling cycle.

### **A** WARNING

Burn and scald hazard. Safety relief valve could discharge steam or hot water during operation. Install discharge piping per these instructions.

### FIGURE 5-2 Safety Relief Valve Discharge Piping

### [50-100 Size Shown]



Check Local Codes For Maximum Distance To Floor

#### 5.3 Safety Relief Valve and Air Vent

- Install safety relief valve and air vent using pipe fittings provided with boiler. See figure 5-1
- Install safety relief valve with spindle in vertical position.
- Do not install shutoff valve between boiler and safety relief valve.
- Install discharge piping from safety relief valve. See figure 5-2.
- Use ¾" or larger pipe.
- Use pipe suitable for temperatures of 375°F (191°C) or greater.
- Individual boiler discharge piping shall be independent of other discharge piping.
- Size and arrange discharge piping to avoid reducing safety relief valve relieving capacity below minimum relief valve capacity stated on rating plate.
- Run pipe as short and straight as possible to location protecting user from scalding and properly drain piping.
- Install union, if used, close to safety relief valve outlet.
- Install elbow(s), if used, close to safety relief valve outlet and downstream of union (if used).
- Terminate pipe with plain end (not threaded).

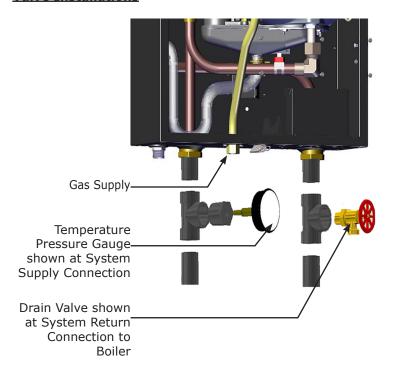
### 5.4 Trim Piping

- Temperature Pressure Gauge. Install temperature pressure gauge using nipple, tee and bushing provided with boiler. See figure 5-3.
- Drain Valve. Install drain valve using nipple, tee and bushing provided with boiler. See figure 5-3.

### 5.5 System Piping

- See Table 3 for basic system piping configurations.
- Systems with automatic fill valves require back flow prevention device.
- Single boiler system. See figures 5-5, 5-6, 5-7A, & B for general guidance. Additional considerations:
  - Boiler control is designed for single central heating pump. Installer responsible for integration of multiple central heating pumps.
  - Boiler control allows domestic hot water prioritization. Function could be lost if central heating pump not directly connected to control system.
- Multiple boiler system. See figure 5-8A, B & C for general guidance. Additional considerations:
  - Control system requires equivalent water temperatures entering each boiler to properly sequence and adjust system supply temperature.
  - Install multi boiler sensor kit. See "Parts, Kits & Optional Accessories" manual for part number.
- Heating system with existing primary loop, close internal primary loop ball valve.
- Heating system without existing primary loop, leave internal primary loop ball valve open to use internal primary loop.

## FIGURE 5-3 Temperature Pressure Gauge and Drain Valve Installations

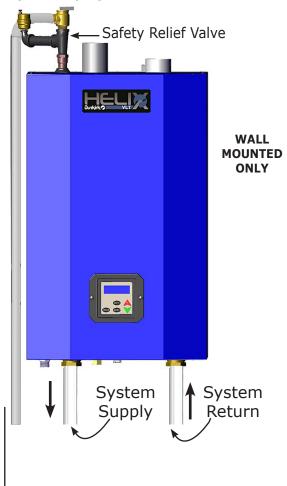




Check Local Codes For Maximum Distance To Floor

Illustrations are meant to show system piping concept only. Installer responsible for all equipment and detailing required by authority having jurisdiction.

### FIGURE 5-4 System Piping



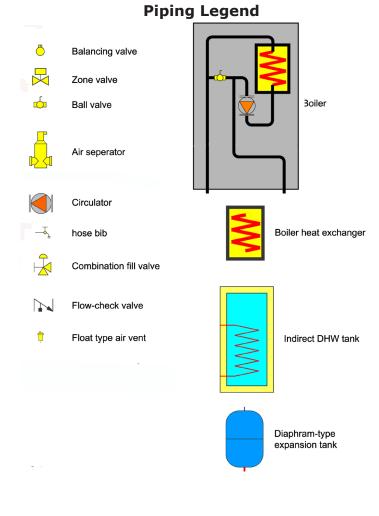


Table 3 - System Piping Configurations				
	Two Pipe Zoned System	With Zone Valves	figure 5-5	
Single Boiler	Two Fipe Zoned System	With Zone Pumps	figure 5-6	
Siligle Bollei	Primary/Secondary Pumping	Closed External Primary Loop	figure 5-7A	
	Primary/Secondary Pumping	Open External Primary Loop	figure 5-7B	
Two Pipe Zoned System		With Zone Valves	figure 5-8A	
		With Zone Pumps	Not Shown	
Multiple Boilers	6	Closed External Primary Loop	figure 5-8B	
	Primary/Secondary Pumping	Open External Primary Loop	figure 5-8C	

FIGURE 5-5 Single Boiler Two-Pipe Zoned System With Zone Valves

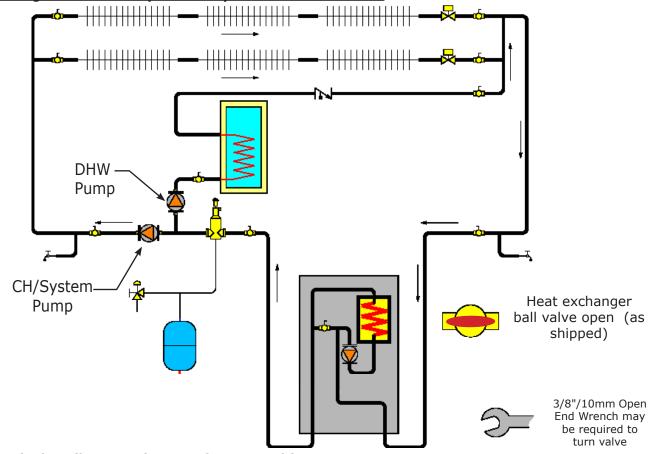


FIGURE 5-6 Single Boiler Two-Pipe Zoned System With Zone Pumps

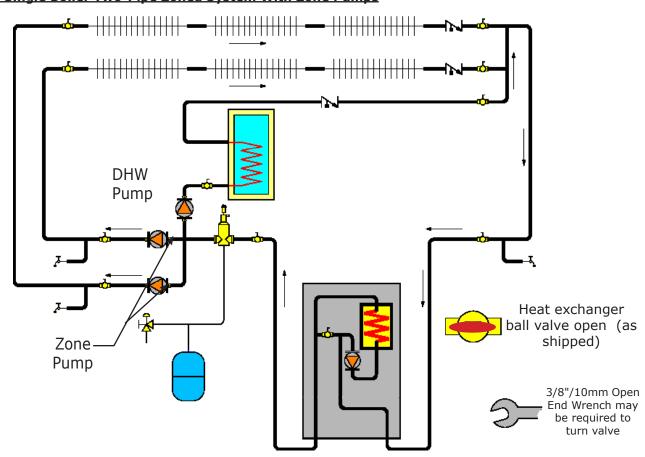


FIGURE 5-7A Single Boiler Using Primary/Secondary Pumping With Closed External Primary Loop

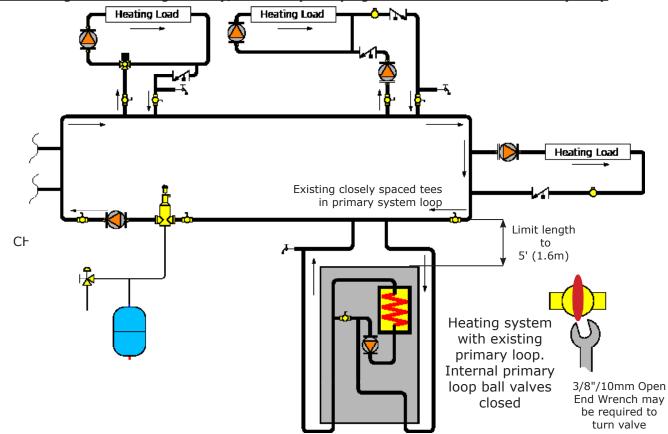


FIGURE 5-7B Single Boiler Using Primary/Secondary Pumping With Open External Primary Loop

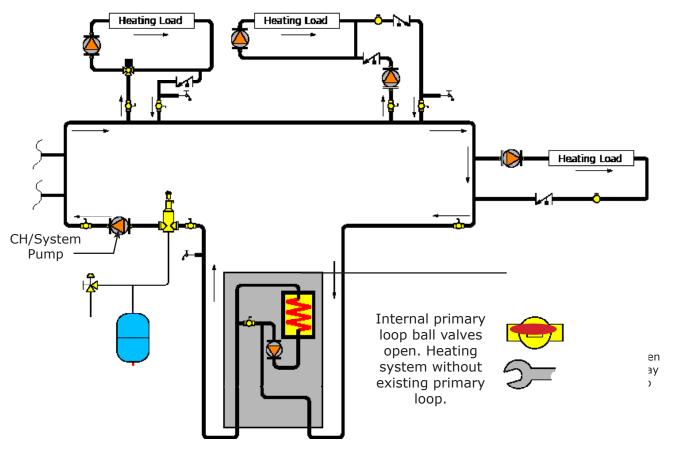
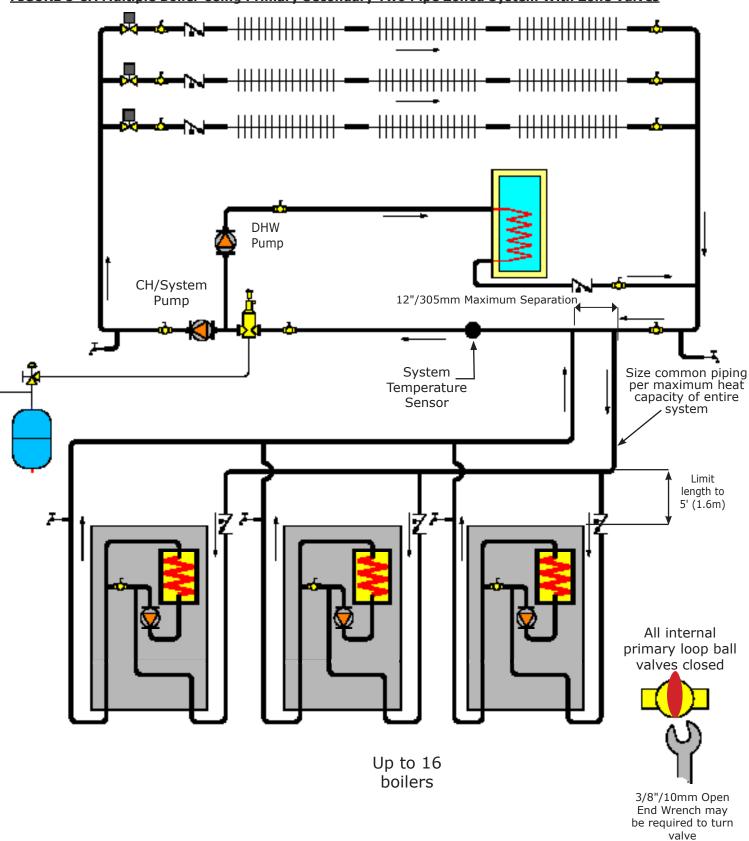
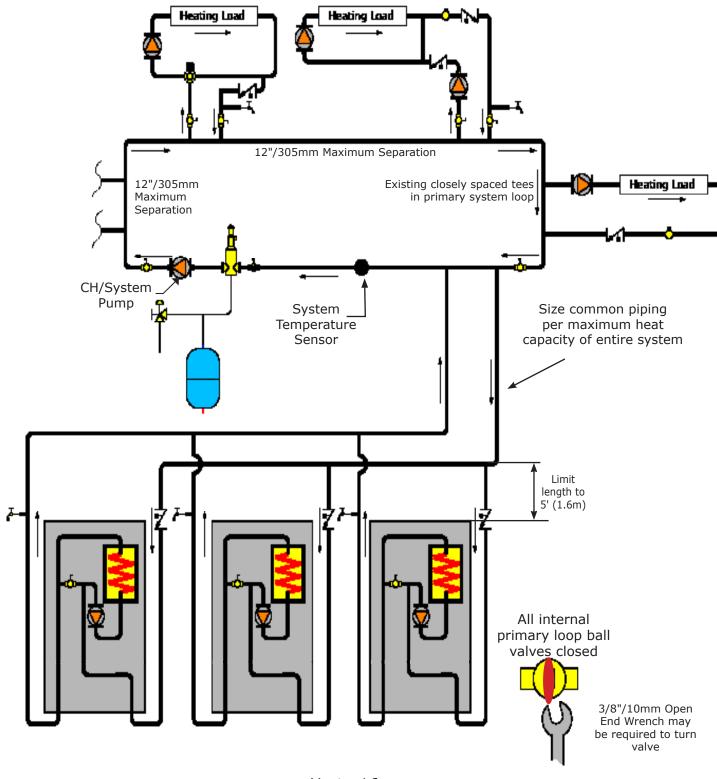


FIGURE 5-8A Multiple Boiler Using Primary Secondary Two Pipe Zoned System With Zone Valves



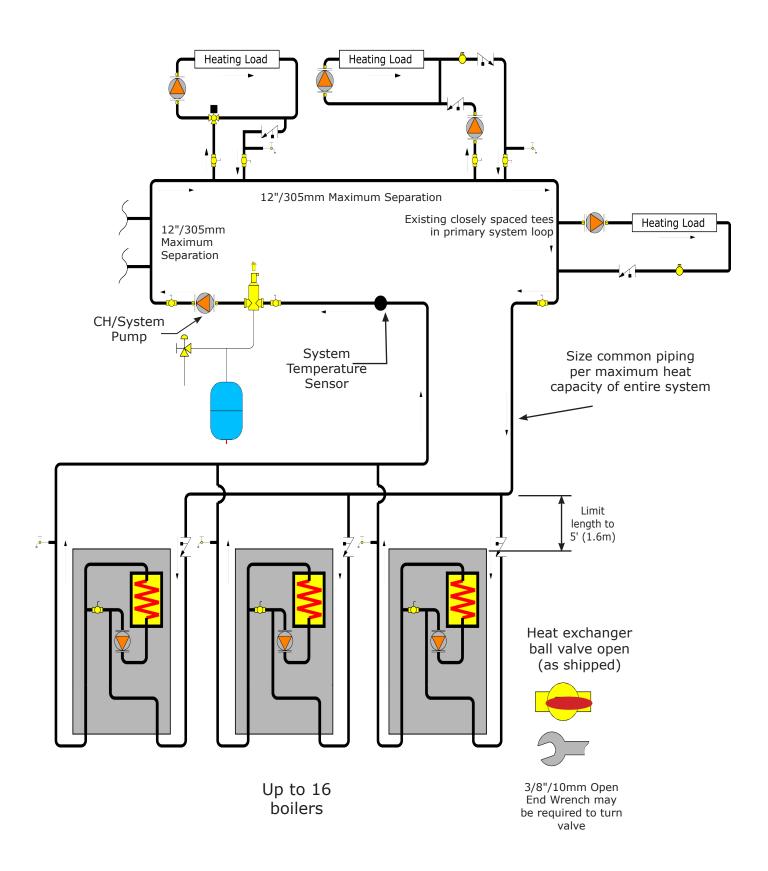
(See Multiple Boiler Guide)

### FIGURE 5-8B Multiple Boilers Using Primary/Secondary Pumping with Closed External Primary Loop



Up to 16 boilers

### 5-8C Multiple Boilers Using Primary/Secondary Pumping with Open External Primary Loop



#### 6.1 General

This boiler requires a dedicated direct vent system. Install combustion air and vent piping in accordance with these instructions, authority having jurisdiction, and:

• USA - National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

Vent connections serving appliances vented by natural draft shall not be connected into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure.

Install vent system in accordance with these instructions.

### 6.2 Removal of Existing Boiler From Common Vent System

When existing boiler is removed from common venting system, common venting system is likely to be too large for proper venting of appliances remaining connected to it.

After removal of existing boiler, following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to common venting system placed in operation, while other appliances remaining connected to common venting system are not in operation:

- Seal any unused openings in common venting system.
- Visually inspect venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch. Determine there is no blockage or restrictions, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- When practical, close all building doors, windows, and all doors between space in which appliances remaining connected to common venting system are located and other spaces of building. Turn on clothes dryer and any appliance not connected to common venting system.
   Turn on exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhaust so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- Turn on appliance being inspected. Follow lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliances will operate continuously.
- Test for spillage at draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use flame of match or candle, smoke from cigarette, cigar or pipe.
- Determine each appliance remaining connected to common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above. Then return doors, windows, exhaust fans and any other gas-burning appliance to their previous condition of use.
- Any improper operation of common venting system should be corrected so installation conforms with National

Fuel Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CAN/CSA B149.1. When re-sizing any portion of common venting system, common venting system should be re-sized to approach minimum size as determined using appropriate tables in Chapter 13 of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CAN/CSA B149.1.

### 6.3 Venting Materials

• See Table 4

Table 4 - Combustion air and vent pipe fittings must conform with the following:			
Item	Material Standards		
	PVC schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM D1785	
	PVC - DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	
	CPVC schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM D1784/ F441	
Vent Pipe and Fittings	SDR-21 & SDR-26 PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2241	
	ABS-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2661	
	Schedule 40ABS	ANSI/ASTM F628	
	PP (Polypropylene) Pipe and Components	UL 1738 ULC S636-08	
Pipe	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	
Cement/	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	
Primer	Schedule 40 ABS	ANSI/ASTM D2235	

- IPEX is approved vent manufacturer in Canada listed to ULC-S636.
- IPEX System 636 Cements and Primers are approved in Canada listed to ULC-S636.

Use of cellular core PVC (ASTM F891), cellular core CPVC, or Radel® (Polyphenolsulfone) in venting systems shall be prohibited.

### **WARNING**

Use of cellular core PVC for venting flue gas could result in death, or serious injury.

### **WARNING**

Covering non-metallic vent pipe and fittings with thermal insulation shall be prohibited.

### 6.4 Vent Pipe Installation

- Minimum and maximum combustion air and vent pipe lengths listed in Table 5. Pipe length counted from combustion air connector to termination.
- Install field-sourced 2" to 3", or 3" to 4" transitions, if used, in vertical section.
- 90° elbows equivalent to 5.0 ft (1.6 m). 45° elbows equivalent to 3.5 ft (1.1 m). 2" to 3", or 3" to 4" transitions have no equivalent length. See Table 6.
- Use flexible Polyproplyene piping (PP) in a vertical position only. Check PP pipe manufacturer for details. Each foot of PP flexible pipe is equivalent to 2% feet of smooth pipe of same diameter.
- Slope vent pipes minimum 1/4" per foot (21 mm/m) back toward boiler. Support horizontal sections to prevent sags capable of accumulating condensate.
- Support piping in accordance with pipe manufacturer's instruction and authority having jurisdiction. In absence of manufacturer's instruction use pipe hooks, pipe straps, brackets, or hangers of adequate and strength located at intervals of 4 ft (1.2m) or less. Allow for expansion/ contraction of pipe.
- Combustion air and vent piping must be air tight and water tight.
- Certified vent system components must NOT be interchanged with other vent systems or unlisted pipe/ fittings.

### 6.5 Vent Termination

- Terminate combustion air and vent pipes with fittings or concentric vent kit.
  - A. See "Parts, Kits and Optional Accessories" manual for concentric vent kit part numbers.
  - B. Use horizontal pipe for vent and 90° elbow for combustion air termination when using fittings.
- Separate vent terminal from air inlet terminal to prevent flue gas recirculation. If T-Terminal is used on flue pipe at sidewall, air inlet terminal shall be at least 36" or more away from vent terminal.
- Locate combustion air termination as far as possible from swimming pool, swimming pool pump house, and other sources of airborne chlorine.
- Locate combustion air and vent terminals as required by authority having jurisdiction.

### **A** WARNING

Vent extending through exterior wall shall not terminate adjacent to wall or below building extensions such as eaves, balconies, parapets or decks. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Table 5 - Combustion Air and Vent Piping Length

	Minimum/Maximum Vent Lengths				
	2" Pipe		3" Pipe 4" Pipe		
Model	050/075/100	075/100	150/200	299	299
Min.	6 ft. (1.8 m)	6 ft. (1.8 m)	6 ft. (1.8 m)	6 ft. (1.8 m)	6 ft. (1.8 m)
Max.	50ft. (15.2 m)	100 ft. (30.5 m)	100 ft. (30.5 m)	25 ft. (7.7 m)	100 ft. (30.5 m)

For Example: Boiler can be installed on outside wall and vented with one 90° elbow and 1 ft (0.30 m) of vent pipe.

**Table 6 - Equivalent Length of Venting Components** 

<b>Equivalent Length of Venting Components</b>			
Component	Feet	Meters	
90° Elbow	5	1.6	
45° Elbow	3 1/2	1.1	
2" x 3" Adapter	0	0	
3" x 4" Adapter	0	0	
Concentric Vent Kit	5	1.6	
Polypropylene Flexible Pipe per Foot	2 5/8	0.8	

### **6.6 Venting Configurations**

Various venting configurations can be applied to this boiler. For guidance see Venting Configuration Table 7A and corresponding figures.



Use of vent covers may cause freezing. If using vent covers overall vent length must be considered. Failure to heed this information may compromise operation of this boiler.

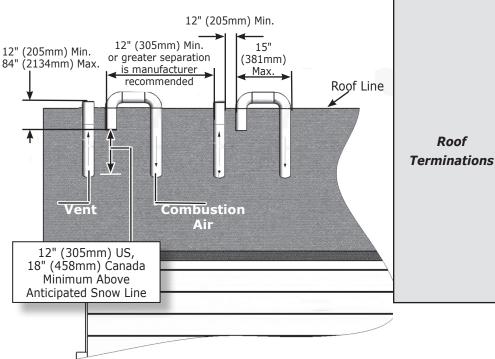
Table 7A - Combustion Air - Venting Locations

Flue Gas Location	Combustion Air Location	Flue Gas Terminals	Corresponding Figures
	Roof	Two Pipe	Figure 6-1
Venting	Kooi	Concentric	Figure 6-7
(Flue Gas)	Side Wall	Single Pipe	Figure 6-8
	Inside Air	Single Pipe	Figure 6-9
·			
	Roof	Single Pipe	Figure 6-10
Combustion Air	Side Wall	Two Pipe	Figures 6-2, 6-3
(Fresh Air)		Concentric	Figures 6-4, 6-5, 6-6
	Inside Air	Single Pipe	Figure 6-11

Table 7B - Combustion Air - Venting Terminal Type

Туре	Location	Terminal Type	Corresponding Figures
		S-Terminal with 90° elbow	Figure 6-2, 6-3
		S-Terminal with 45° elbow	Figure 6-12
	Side Wall	Concentric	Figure 6-4, 6-5, 6-6
Venting		Concentric with accelerator	Figure 6-13
(Flue Gas)		T-Terminal	Figure 6-10, 6-11, 6-14
	Roof	Straight Terminal	Figure 6-1, 6-8, 6-9
	KOOI	Concentric	Figure 6-7
			Ť
	Side Wall -	Raised 90° down elbow	Figure 6-2
		90° down elbow	Figure 6-3, 6-8,
Combustion Air (Fresh Air)		Concentric	Figure 6-4, 6-5, 6-6
		No Terminal (inside air)	Figure 6-9, 6-11
	Dest	Raised 90° down elbow	Figure 6-1, 6-10
	Roof	Concentric	Figure 6-7

### FIGURE 6-1 Two Pipe Roof Vent



- 12" (205mm) Min. horizontal separation between combustion air intake and vent of same appliance.
- 12" (205mm) Min. 84" (2134mm) Max. vertical separation between combustion air intake and vent of different appliances.
- 15" (381mm) Max. horizontal length of
- Min. vent/intake between different appliances 12" (305mm).
- Max. allowable total vertical vent length with outside exposure is 10 ft.(3.05m).
- Abandoned unused masonry chimney may be used as chaseway for combustion air and vent. Both combustion air and vent pipe must exit above top of chimney with clearances as shown in figure 6-1.

FIGURE 6-2 Two Pipe Side Wall Vent

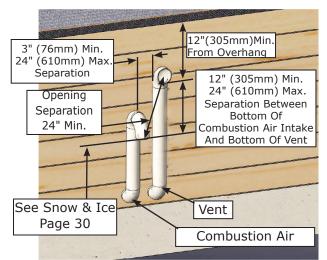
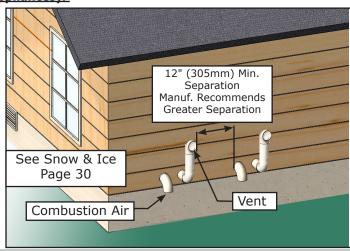


FIGURE 6-3 Two Pipe Side Wall Vent (Multiple Appliances).

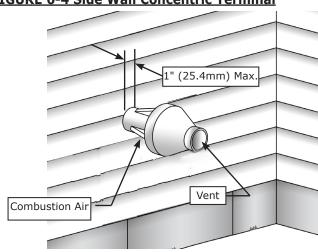


### Side Wall **Terminations**

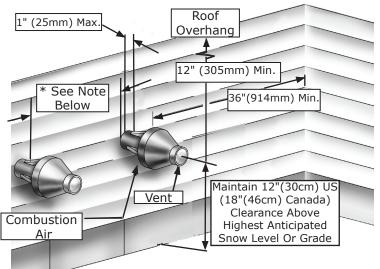
Roof

- 3" (76mm) Min. 24" (610mm) Max. Separation horizontal separation between combustion air intake and vent terminations.
- 12" (305mm) Min. vertical separation between combustion air intake and vent terminations.
- 12" (305mm) min. 24" (610mm) Max. separation between bottom of combustion air intake and bottom of vent
- Multiple terminations as shown in 6-1, and 6-3 must be a min. of 12" (305mm) horizontally between vent of one termination and air intake of next appliance. Manufacturer recommends greater separation.
- Max. allowable total outside exposure vent length equals 10 ft. (3.05m).
- Maintain a pitch of 1/2" per ft. (42mm/m) outside exposure back to boiler to ensure proper condensate drainage for horizontal runs.

### **FIGURE 6-4 Side Wall Concentric Terminal**

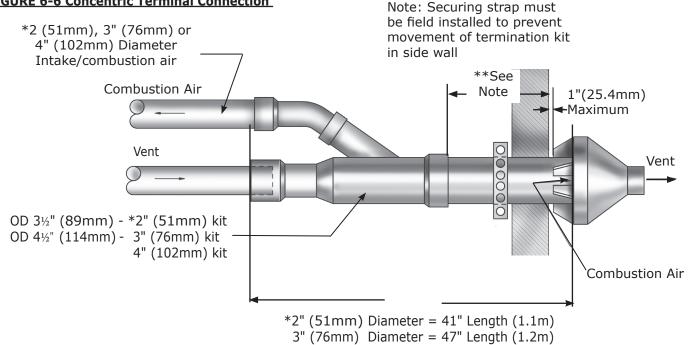


### FIGURE 6-5 Side Wall Concentric Terminal Multiple **Appliances**



24" (610mm) minimum Horizontal distance between end bells of each concentric terminal to prevent flue gas recirculation.

#### FIGURE 6-6 Concentric Terminal Connection





\*\* Overall length may be modified by cutting or extending both combustion air and vent pipes. 12" (305mm) is minimum allowable length and 60" (1.2m) is maximum allowable length for this dimension.

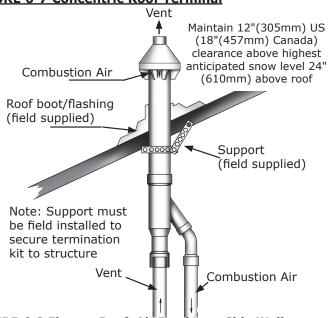
4" (102mm) diameter = 36" Length (0.9m)

SDR-26 PVC (D2241) only may be used for extending pipes. Do not use Schedule 40 PVC or use couplings to extend pipes. Dimension will change if intake/vent pipes are lengthened or shortened.



- \* 2" (51mm) For use with models 050/075/100
- 3" (77mm) For use with models 075/100/150/200/299
- 4" (101mm) For use with model 299

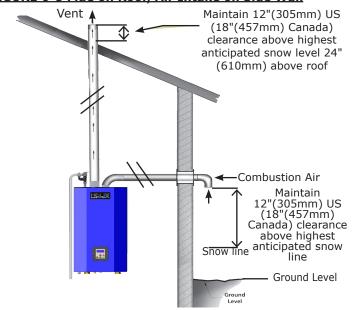
### **FIGURE 6-7 Concentric Roof Terminal**



## • Glue inner vent pipe to prevent recirculation.

- Maintain 12" (305mm) US (18"(457mm) Canada) minimum clearance above highest anticipated snow level. Maximum of 24"(610mm) above roof.
- Support must be field installed to secure termination kit to structure.
- Elbow, roof boot/flashing field supplied.
- Allowed Wall/Roof thickness 1/2"-30" (12.7mm - 762mm).
- Vertical concentric vent system can be installed in unused masonry chimney.

### FIGURE 6-8 Flue on Roof, Air Intake on Side Wall



### Grade, Snow & Ice

Concentric

Vent Roof

**Terminations** 

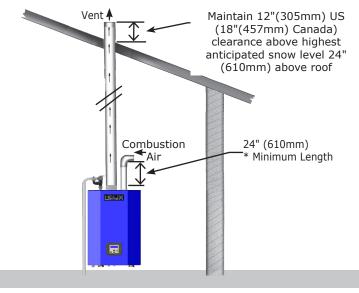
Maintain 12"(305mm) US (18"(457mm) Canada) clearance above highest anticipated snow level 24" (610mm) above roof or ground.

Avoid locations where snow may drift and block vent and combustion air. Ice or snow may cause boiler to shut down if vent or combustion air becomes obstructed.

## Doors & Windows

Combustion air and vent termination must be 12" (305mm) from or below doors, windows or gravity inlet.

### FIGURE 6-9 Flue on Roof, Combustion Air



\* See Tables | Comi

Combustion air and Vent Piping Length Page 24 .

### FIGURE 6-10 Flue on Sidewall, Combustion Air on Roof FIGURE 6-12 Two Pipe Side Wall with 45° Vent

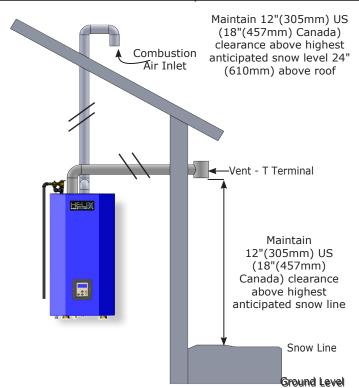
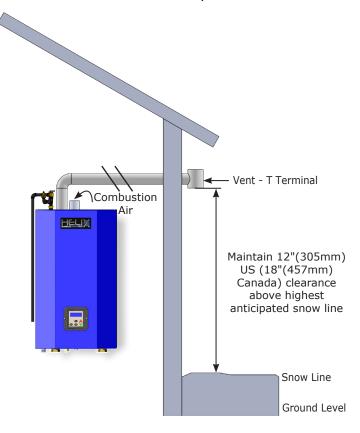


FIGURE 6-11 Flue on Sidewall, Inside Combustion Air



Note

Configurations of single pipe vent with flue on the sidewall, requires a tee as the vent terminal. See figures 6-10 and 6-11.

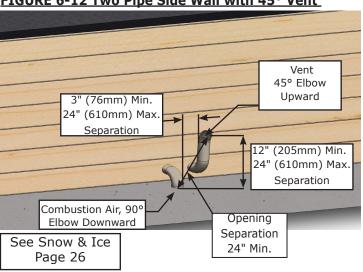


FIGURE 6-13 Side Wall Concentric Terminal w/Accelerator

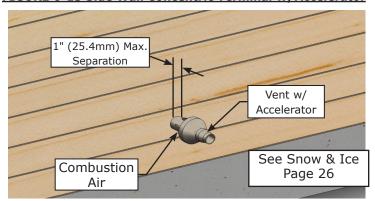
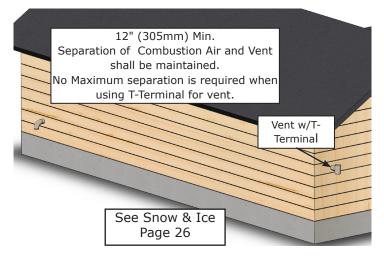


FIGURE 6-14 Side Wall Venting Terminal w/T-Terminal



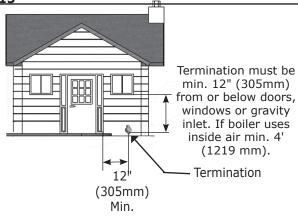
If separation in Fig. 6-2 or Fig 6-12 is not large enough to prevent cross flow contamination between flue gas and fresh air use T-Terminal as shown in Fig. 6-14. Use of T-Terminal for vent as shown in Fig. 6-14 does not have a max. separation requirement between flue gas and fresh air.

### **6.7 Side Venting Terminal Requirements of :**

• USA - National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

Venting terminal from doors and windows	See figure 6-15
Venting terminal from forced air inlet of other appliances	See figure 6-16
Venting terminal from snow level	See figure 6-17
Venting terminal from vegetation	See figure 6-18
Venting terminal from public walkway	See figure 6-19

#### **FIGURE 6-15**



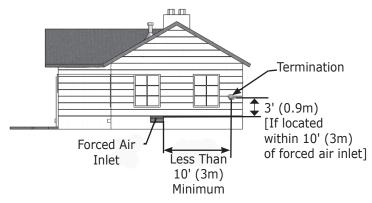
Doors	&
Windo	ws

Combustion air and vent termination must be min. 12" (305mm) from or below doors, windows or gravity inlet. If boiler uses inside air min. 4' (1219 mm).

Condensate

Vent gas may condense, forming moisture, may be corrosive. Protect building materials at vent from exhaust of vent gas.

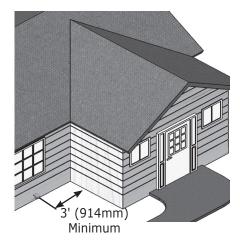
#### **FIGURE 6-16**



### Forced Air Inlet

Terminate venting system minimum 3' (914mm) above and 10' (3.0m) from any forced air inlet (except boiler's combustion air inlet).

#### FIGURE 6-17



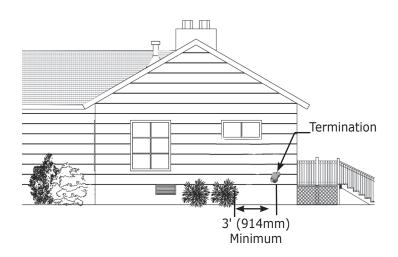
### Grade, Snow & Ice

Maintain 12"(305mm) US, 18"(457mm) Canada clearance above highest anticipated snow level, 24" (610mm) above roof.

Avoid locations where snow may drift and block vent and combustion air. Ice or snow may cause boiler to shut down if vent or combustion air becomes obstructed.

"L" Corner Vent termination shall NOT be installed closer than 3' (914mm) from inside corner of "L" shaped structure.

### **FIGURE 6-18**



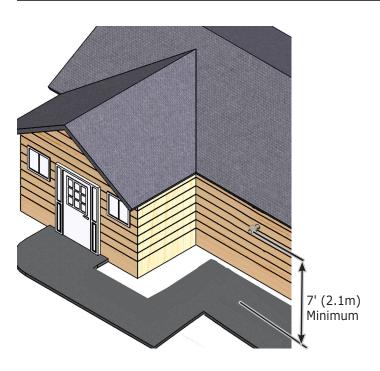
### Vegetation, Plants & Shrubs

Keep vent termination 3' minimum (914mm) away from vegetation. Position termination where vent vapors will not damage plants/shrubs or air conditioning equipment.

### Meters, Regulators, deck, porch

Vent termination US only - 4' (1.2m), Canada - 6' (1.9m) horizontally from, no case above or below, electric meters, gas meters, regulators, and relief equipment, or under deck or porch.

#### **FIGURE 6-19**



### Walkways

Locate vent termination minimum 7' (2.1m) above any public walkway, with consideration to condensate.

### People or Pets

Locate combustion air and vent termination to prevent accidental contact with people or pets.

### Stones, Balls, Etc.

Position combustion air and vent termination where it will NOT be damaged by foreign objects, such as stones, balls, etc.

### Multiple Family Dwellings

Vent shall not terminate directly above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located between two single-family dwellings serving both dwellings.

### **Vapors**

Position termination where vent vapors are not objectionable.

### Eddy, Flue Gases

Position termination so it will not be effected by wind eddy, air born leaves, snow, or recirculated vent gases. Give consideration to excessive wind and locate away from windward side of building.

### 6.8 Multiple Boiler Venting Installation

- Multiple boiler application boiler can vent individually or use common vent pipes.
- If boilers vent individually follow guidelines as described in figures 6-1 through 6-7.
- If boilers vent through common vent pipes, as shown in Figure 6-17, choose common vent pipe per Table 8. Choose size from Table 9 for pipes between boiler and common vent pipes.
- Longest individual vent lengths and common vent length together must be shorter than 100 ft. (30m).

 $H + L \le 100 \text{ ft (30m) (See Table 9)}$ 

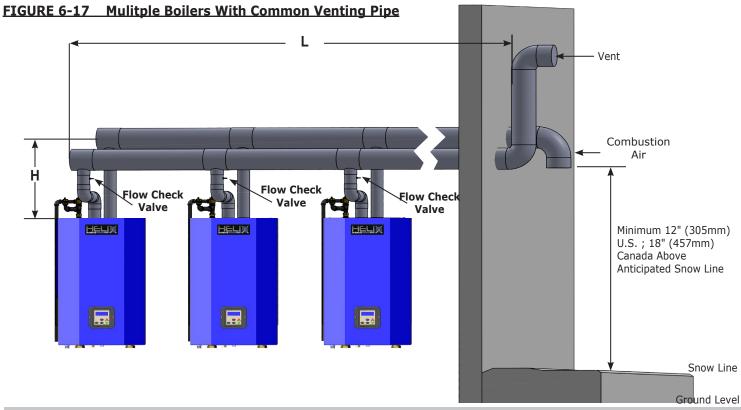
- Each boiler must have flow check valve to prevent flue gas back flow.
- External terminals follow same rule as single boiler venting as described in Section 6.6 and 6.7
- Locate combustion air and vent terminals as required by authority having jurisdiction.
- Flow check valve and vent pipe shall be made by the same manufacturer for proper compatibility. Check common vent kit for more information on flow check valve.

Table 8 - Minimum Diameter for Individual Boiler in Common Venting System

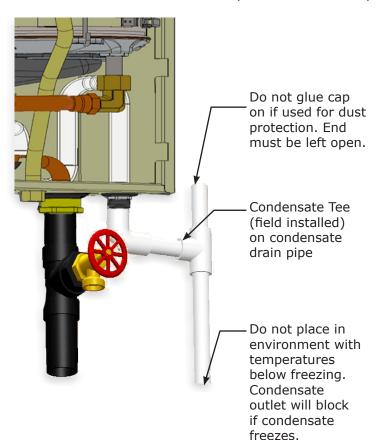
Model	Minimum Diameter	
050	2" (51mm)	
075	3" (73mm)	
100	3" (73mm)	
150	3" (73mm)	
200	3" (73mm)	
299	3" (73mm)	

**Table 9 - Common Venting Pipe Diameters** 

Total Firing Rate	Minimum Diameter of Common vent pipes if L< 50 ft (16m)	Minimum Diameter of Common vent pipes if L>50 ft (16m)	
400	4" (101mm)	5" (127mm)	
600	5" (127mm)	6" (152mm)	
800	5 (12/11111)	6" (152mm)	
1000			
1200	6" (152mm)	7" (177mm)	
1400			
1600			
1800	7" (177mm)	8" (203mm)	
2000			



### **FIGURE 6-18 Condensate Drain** (150-299 MBH shown)



### 6.9 Condensate Piping

- Use materials acceptable to authority having jurisdiction. In absence of such authority:
  - USA PVC or CPVC per ASTM D1785/D2845 Cement or primer per ASME D2564 or F493.
  - Canada CSA or ULC certified PVC/CPVC pipe, fittings and cement.
  - Attach PVC tee provided with boiler and field sourced piping to condensate drain at bottom of boiler. See figure 6-18.
- Slope condensate drain pipe minimum 1/4" per foot (21mm/m) away from boiler.
- Use field source condensate pump if boiler located below disposal point.
- Field source condensate neutralizing kit as required by authority having jurisdiction or for environmentally friendly condensate disposal.

#### **FIGURE 7-1 Gas Connection**



Note Use two (2) wrenches when tightening and fitting to pipe boiler's threaded fittings. Boiler's internal piping can be damaged if subjected to excessive torque.

### **A** CAUTION

### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

### 7.1 General

- Use piping materials and joining methods acceptable to authority having jurisdiction. In absence of such requirements:
  - USA National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54
- Size and install gas piping system to provide sufficient gas supply to meet maximum input at not less than minimum supply pressure. See Table 10.
- Support piping with hooks straps, bands, brackets, hangers, or building structure components to prevent or dampen excessive vibrations and prevent strain on gas connection. Boiler will not support piping weight.
- Use thread (joint) compound (pipe dope) suitable for liquefied petroleum gas.
- Provide sediment trap up stream of gas valve.
- Install manual main shutoff valve outside of jacket. See figure 7-2.

### 7.2 Conversion Kit Instructions

• See Gas Conversion Kit Instructions included with Boiler.

**Table 10 - Gas Supply Pressure** 

Gas Supply Pressure				
MODEL	Natural Gas		Propane	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
050	3.0" w.c. (0.7 kPa)	13.5" w.c. (3.3 kPa)	5.0" w.c. (1.2 kPa)	13.5" w.c. (3.4 kPa)
075				
100				
150				
200				
299				

Note: See Glossary - Piping Table 16

### 7 - GAS SUPPLY PIPING

### **A** DANGER

Fire Hazard. Do not use matches, candles, open flames, or other methods providing ignition source. Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

### 7.3 Leak Check Gas Piping

Pressure test boiler and gas connection before placing boiler in operation.

- Pressure test over 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa). Disconnect boiler and its individual gas shutoff valve from gas supply system.
- Pressure test at 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa) or less. Isolate boiler from gas supply system by closing manual gas shutoff valve. See figure 7-2.
- Locate leakage using gas detector, noncorrosive detection fluid, or other leak detection method acceptable to authority having jurisdiction. Do not use matches, candles, open flames, or other methods that can provide ignition source.
- Correct leaks immediately and retest.

### FIGURE 7-2 Manual Main Gas Shutoff Valve Outside Boiler Jacket



FIGURE 7-3 Gas Shutoff Valve - 050/075/100/150/200

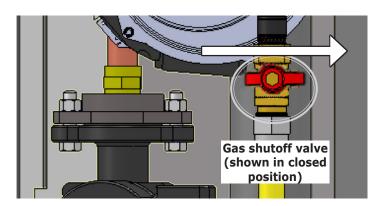
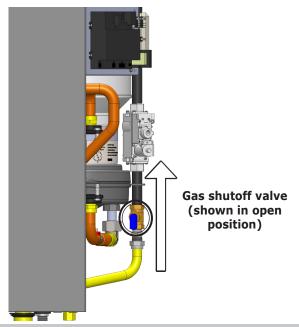


FIGURE 7-4 Gas Shutoff Valve - 299



### 8 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

#### 8.1 General

Electrically bond boiler to ground in accordance with requirements of authority having jurisdiction. Refer to:

• USA- National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70.

### **8.2** *Electric Knockouts* (figure 8-1)

#### • Five knockouts located on bottom of chassis.

- A. Three knockouts located under junction box are reserved for high voltage wires. Choose connectors using total diameter of wire bundles.
- B. Two knockouts located to right of high voltage knockouts (outside of junction box) are reserved for low voltage wiring. Use supplied grommets when using these knockouts.

## **8.3** *Line Voltage Connections* (figure 8-2) • Boiler

- A. Provide individual 120V, 15 amp circuit (recommended) with fused disconnect or service switch as required by authority having jurisdiction.
- B. Open High Voltage Junction Box (see figures 3-4 and 3-5) to access line voltage terminal strip.
- C. Connect 120 VAC circuit to line voltage terminal strip 120 VAC L,N,G.

### • Central Heating Pump, if used.

- A. Isolate pump from control module if pump FLA (Full Load Amps) exceeds maximum allowable current draw. See Figure 8-3 and Table 11.
- B. Connect pump to line voltage terminal strip CH PUMP L,N,G.

#### • Domestic Hot Water Pump, if used.

- A. Isolate pump from control module if pump FLA exceeds maximum allowable current draw. See Figure 8-3 and Table 11.
- B. Connect pump to line voltage terminal strip DHW PUMP L,N,G.

### **8.4 External Connections** (figure 8-4)

#### • User Interface Terminals

- A. Factory wired to USER INTERFACE terminals
- B. Optional Remote mount user interface for improved access. Use low voltage knockout.
- C. Maximum wire length is 100 ft (30m) for 22 ga. wire, or 150 ft (45m) for 18 ga. wire.

### • Argus Link (Multiple boiler applications only)

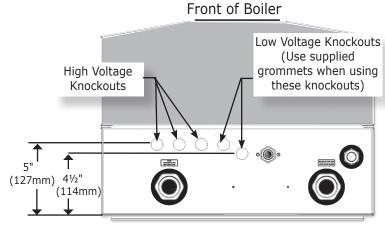
### **AWARNING**

Electrical shock hazard. Turn OFF electrical power supply at service panel before making electrical connections. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.



Wiring diagrams can be found in Section 14 of this Manual.

### FIGURE 8-1 Electric Knockouts Bottom Of Boiler



Back of Boiler

#### FIGURE 8-2 Line Voltage Connections

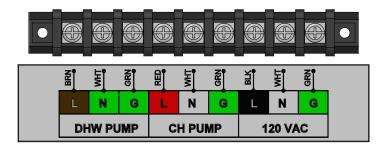


Table 11 - Maximum Allowable Current Draw

МВН	CH PUMP	DHW PUMP	NOTE
50 75 100	1 A	1 A	Powered by Control Board
150 200 299	10 A	10 A	Powered by installed 10 Amp relay

If CH or DHW pump current is more than the maximum allowable current draw install proper field sourced relays as shown in figure 8-3.

#### 8 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### • Outdoor Sensor, if used.

- A. Provided with boiler.
- B. Locate outdoor sensor to protect against wind and direct sunlight. Mounting instructions provided with sensor.
- C. Maximum wire length is 100 ft (30m) for 22 ga. wire, or 150 ft (45m) for 18 ga. wire.
- D. Connect wires to OUTDOOR SENSOR terminals. Wires are interchangeable.

### • System Sensor (Multiple boiler applications only)

#### • Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Thermostat, if used.

A. Use temperature control with dry contacts rated at 0.5 amps @ 120 VAC. Boiler control does not provide power to DHW temperature control.



IMPORTANT: Do not apply power to DHW T-T terminals. Dry contact only, use of isolation relay may be necessary.

- B. Maximum wire length is 330 ft (100m) 22 gauge wire
- C. Connect wires (interchangeable) to DHW T-T terminals. Wires are interchangeable.

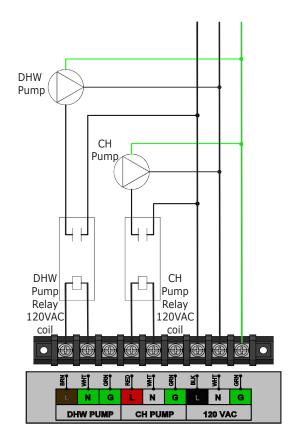
### • Central Heating Thermostat

- A. Use thermostat or boiler system control with dry contacts related 0.5 amps @ 120 VAC. Boiler control does not provide 24 VAC power to central heating thermostat.
- B. Locate and install thermostat per manufacturer's instructions. Maximum wire length is 330 ft (100m) for 22 ga. wire.
- C. Connect wires to CH T-T terminals. Wires are interchangeable.



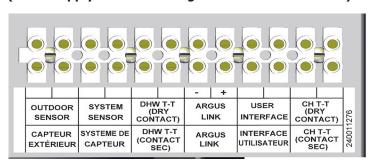
Use dry contact for wires to CH T-T terminal and DHW T-T terminal. E33 error code is displayed if voltage is sent back to the control board. If error is not corrected for extended period of time, this voltage can permanently damage control board.

# FIGURE 8-3 Isolation Relays for CH System Pump and DHW Pump



### **FIGURE 8-4 External Connections**

(Do not apply external voltage to external terminals.)

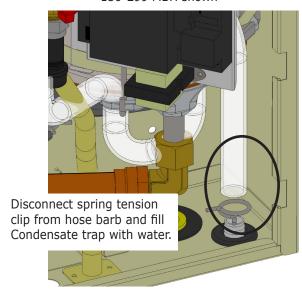




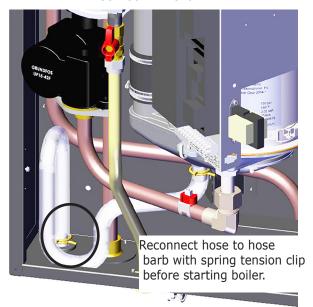
Condensate trap must be manually filled with water at initial start up.

### FIGURE 9-1 Condensate Drain Assembly

150-299 MBH shown



50-100 MBH shown



### 9.1 Fill Boiler With Water And Purge Air



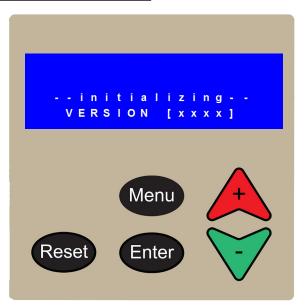
To maintain boiler efficiency and prevent boiling inside the heat exchanger, flush entire heating system until clean.

- Flush heating system, including all heating zones.
- Fill boiler with potable water.
- Fill boiler and system piping with water (or antifreeze-water solution, if used). See antifreeze information page 14. Purge air from boiler using air vent. Purge air from system piping.
- Close air vent after all air is purged from both boiler and system piping.
- Inspect system piping and boiler connections. Repair any leaks immediately.
- Activate all heating zones and calls for heat, including CH calls and DHW calls (if available).
- Close manual gas shut off valve. Let system run for 30 minutes. When boiler goes into lockout, reset boiler by pressing "Reset" button until boiler resets.
- Do not open gas shutoff valve until all air is purged from system.

### 9.2 Fill Condensate Trap with Water

- Disconnect spring tension clip from condensate hose barb. See figure 9-1.
- Disconnect tubing below from hose barb.
- Pour approximately 2 cups (473 ml) of water into condensate drain.
- Reconnect tubing to hose barb with spring tension clip. See figure 9-1.

Figure 9-2 - User Interface



9.3 Program Boiler Control

Key	Description
Reset	- Manual Lockout Reset
Menu	- Enter/Exit user menu - Go to previous screen
Enter	- Select a menu item - Confirm new parameter value
<b>A</b>	- Scroll up to next menu item - Increase value
<b>T</b>	- Scroll down to next menu item - Decrease value

Boiler is factory programmed with following factory default settings, Table 12.

Parameters can be adjusted to suit particular application using the User Interface. See figure 9-2.

Detailed explanation of each can be found in Appendix A - Control Module.

List parameters in event of factory default parameters are changed.

Table 12 - Default Table		Control Parameter	Factory Default Setting		Setting Range		*Actual Parameter Settings
			Standard	Metric	Standard	Metric	
		Central Heating Setpoint	140°F	60°C	104-195°F	40-91°C	
User Menu	Settings	DHW Setpoint	180°F	82°C	104-195°F	40-91°C	
richa		Temperature Units	٩١	=	°F/	°C	
		Boiler Address	0		0-:	15	
		Low Water Cutoff	Enab	led	Enable/0	Disabled	
	Boiler Configuration	Pump Mode	0		0.8	ι 4	
	Comiguration	Service Reminder Status	Oı	n	ON/	OFF	
		Service Reminder Days	365 [	Days	1- 999	Days	
	CH Settings	CH Mode	1		0, 1,	2, 3	
		Warm Weather Shutdown	70°F	21°C	35-100°F	2-38°C	
		Reset Curve Design Temperature - Boiler	180°F	82°C	60-195°F	40-91°C	
		Reset Curve Design Temperature - Outdoor	25°F	-4°C	-60-32°F	-51-25°C	
		Reset Curve Mild Weather Temperature - Boiler	100°F	37°C	35-120°F	2-49°C	
Installer Menu		Reset Curve Mild Weather Temperature - Outdoor	70°F	21°C	35-85°F	2-29°C	
Menu		Reset Curve Boiler Minimum Temperature	70°F	21°C	40-180°F	4-82°C	
		Reset Curve Boiler Maximum Temperature	180°	82°C	80-195°F	27-91°C	
		Boost Function Temperature	0°F	0°C	0-36°F	0-20°C	
		Boost Function Time	20 Minutes		1-120		
		Maximum Power CH	100	)%	1-100%		
		DHW Mode	0		0/	2	
	DHW	DHW Maximum Priority Time	30 Mir	nutes	1-60 minutes		
	Settings	Maximum Power DHW	100	)%	1-10	00%	
	F C	Minimum Fan Speed	Varies b	y Model	+1020	0 / -0	
	Fan Speeds	Ignition Fan Speed	Varies b	y Model	+1020	/ -540	
* List para	ameters in even	it of Control Module Failure to reprogram your settir	igs.				

### 9.4 Boiler Start-up and Operational Test

- 1. Verify air is purged from hydronic piping
- **2.** System test pumps verify each pump is operational using vibration, noise and amp draw.
- 3. Verify gas piping
  - Confirm pressure test. See section 7.3.
  - Visually inspect piping to determine there are no open fittings or ends, and all valves at unused outlets are closed and plugged/capped.
  - Purge air from piping. Confirm there is a steady gas supply to the boiler.
  - Check piping and connections for leaks immediately after gas is turned on. Shut off gas supply and make necessary repairs if leaks found.
- **4.** Follow OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS to initiate boiler operation. See section 10.
- **5.** Inspect combustion air and vent piping. Verify pipe is not leaking and terminations are unobstructed and vent gas discharge is not a nuisance or hazard.
- **6.** Verify boiler functions.
- **7.** Inspect condensate disposal system. Verify condensate flows adequately and is disposed properly.
- 8. Check control module operation.
- **9.** Check field sourced limits, low water cutoffs, etc. per manufacturer's instructions.

### 9.5 Check Firing Rate

- **1.** Measure input, if a gas meter is installed in the system.
  - Turn off gas to all other appliances.
  - Activate some heating zones to dissipate heat.
  - Set boiler on high fire.
  - Use ½, 1 or 2 cu ft dial on gas meter. Measure time required for two or more complete revolutions. Measure time for one or more minutes.
  - Calculate input.

#### For Natural Gas:

Input (MBH) = 
$$\frac{3600 \text{ x} \_ \text{cu ft}}{\text{seconds}}$$

Example: Natural Gas - Gas flow from

Meter = 2 cu ft

Measured time = 72 seconds

Input Rate (MBH) = 
$$\frac{3600 \times 2 \text{ cu ft}}{72 \text{ seconds}}$$
 = 100 MBH

### For Propane (LP):

Input (MBH) = 
$$\frac{9160 \text{ x} \underline{\text{cu ft}}}{\text{seconds}}$$

For Metric formulas- See Glossary

2. Compare measured input to Table 13. If calculated input is not in range given in Table 13, check firing rate again after setting the combustion following steps in section 9.6.

Table 13 - Input Rate @ High Fire (MBH)

Rate @ High Fire						
Size	From	То				
050	45	51				
075	65	76				
100	90	102				
150	140	153				
200	185	204				
299	285	315				

### 9.6 Combustion Adjustment

Calibrated Combustion Analyzer is necessary for the following combustion adjustment.



Before setting combustion in HIGH fire, activate all heating zones to dump heat generated by the boiler running on high fire.

- Enter installer menu (Enter + Menu buttons for 4 seconds).
  - A. Scroll down to System Test.
  - B. Push Enter button to enter System Test. When "System Test Off" displays, push Enter button and "Off" will start flashing.
  - C. Scroll up to High Power and push Enter. "High Power" will stop flashing and becomes solid.
  - D. Unit is now locked in high fire.

# FIGURE 9-3 Gas Valve - Models 050/075/100/150/200 MBH

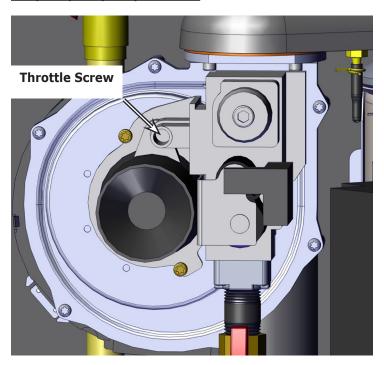
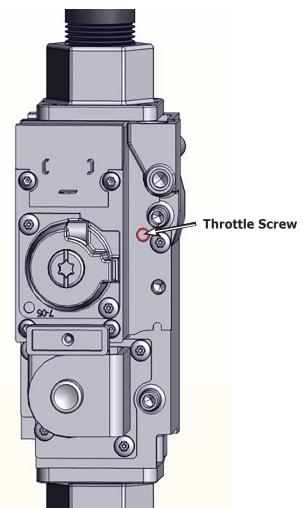


FIGURE 9-4 Gas Valve - Model 299 MBH



### **WARNING**

Fire, explosion, asphyxiation and electrical shock hazard. Read this instruction and understand all requirements, including requirements of authority having jurisdiction before making adjustments. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

2. Perform combustion test on HIGH fire using calibrated combustion analyzer. Adjust CO2 to within specifications by rotating the Throttle Screw, counterclockwise to increase CO2 level, clockwise to decrease CO2 level. See Figures 9-3, and 9-4.

After adjusting CO2 to correct level, verify:

- (1) CO PPM level is in specified range and
- (2) flame signal is in specified range.

See Appendix A page 78.

CO2 level, CO PPM level, and flame signal for HIGH fire are given in the following tables.

HIGH Fire Combustion - 299 MBH						
6	СО	2		СО	Flame signal	
Gas	Min	Max	Design Target	CO	μΑ	
Natural Gas	9.0%	9.3%	9.3%	200	<u> </u>	
Propane	10.0%	11.0	10.5%	<200ppm	6.5 - 7.5	

HIGH Fire Combustion - 50/75/100/150/200 MBH						
Gas	со	2		СО	Flame signal	
Gas	Min	Max	Design Target	CO	μΑ	
Natural Gas	9.0%	9.5%	9.5%	<200nnm	6.5 - 7.5	
Propane	10.0%	11.0	11.0%	<200ppm	0.5 - 7.5	

3. Switch to LOW fire in boiler System Test. On user interface push Enter. "HIGH power" starts flashing. Scroll down to "Low Power". Push Enter. "Low Power" stops flashing and becomes solid. Boiler is now locked in LOW fire.



Adjust Offset Screw slowly and in small steps, no more than 1/8 of a turn each time. See Figures 9-5 and 9-6.

Perform combustion test on LOW fire using calibrated combustion analyzer. Adjust CO2 to within specifications by turning Offset Screw, clockwise to increase CO2 level, counterclockwise to decrease CO2 level. After adjusting CO2 to correct level, verify

- (1) CO PPM level is in specified range and
- (2) flame signal is in specified range.

CO2 level, CO PPM level, and flame signal for LOW fire see following tables.

### FIGURE 9-5 Offset Screw Location - Models 050/075/100/150/200 MBH

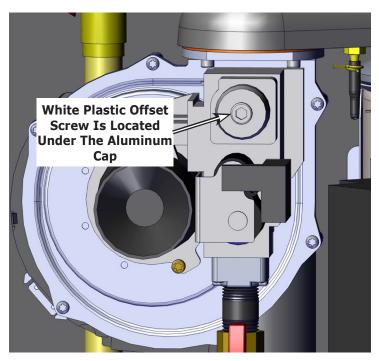
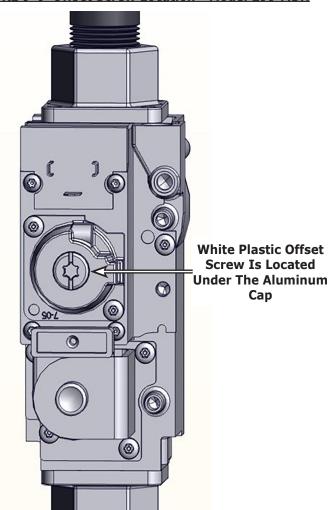


FIGURE 9-6 Offset Screw Location - Model 299 MBH



LOW fire combustion - 50/75/100/150/200 MBH							
Gas	CC	)2		СО	Flame signal		
	Min	Max	Design Target	CO	μΑ		
Natural Gas	8.8%	9.3%	9.0%	<100ppm	>3.3		
Propane	9.8%	10.5%	10.0%				

LOW fire combustion - 299 MBH								
	cc	)2		60	Flame signal			
Gas	Min	Max	Design Target	СО	μΑ			
Natural Gas	8.8%	9.2%	9.0%	<100ppm	>4.5			
Propane	9.8%	10.5%	10.0%	1200ppiii	- 115			

- **4.** See Figures 9-5 and 9-6 for location of Offset Screw on modulating gas valve of various boiler models. T40 male Torx bit is necessary for removal of Offset Screw cap and adjustment of Offset Screw.
- **5.** Set boiler to High Power using System Test to confirm combustion in High Fire (Step 2).
- **6.** Combustion setting is now complete.
  - A. Exit System Test mode by pushing Enter. High Power will start flashing.
  - B. Scroll down to "OFF". Push Enter button "OFF" stops flashing.
  - C. Push Menu button twice to escape Installer Manual. Boiler returns to CH mode or DHW mode depending on type of call for heat available.
- **7.** Check ignition quality 4 times with front jacket off. Close internal manual gas valve for 5 seconds and then re-open it. Boiler will go through post purge – prepurge – ignition sequence. Reset boiler if boiler goes into lockout.
- **8.** Check ignition quality 4 times with the front jacket on. Close the external gas shutoff valve for 5 seconds and re-open it. Boiler will go through a post purge – prepurge - ignition sequence. Reset the boiler if boiler goes into lockout.

Cap

### **AWARNING**

Asphyxiation hazard. Carbon monoxide is odorless, tasteless, clear colorless gas, which is highly toxic. Verify cap is firmly placed on combustion analyzer port to prevent CO emission. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

## FIGURE 9-7 Combustion Analyzer Port - 050/075/100/150/200 MBH

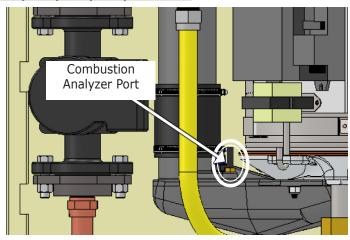
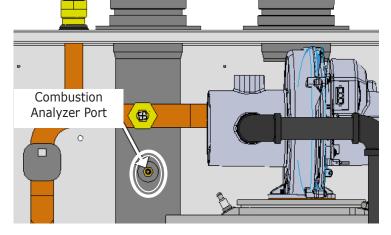
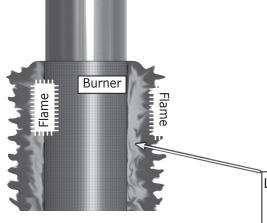


FIGURE 9-8 Combustion Analyzer Port - 299 MBH



### **FIGURE 9-9 Burner Flame**



# 9.7 Perform CSD-1 Compliance Test (see paragraph 2.2 page 7)

Verify operation of boiler safety control operation with regard to no flow conditions as follows:

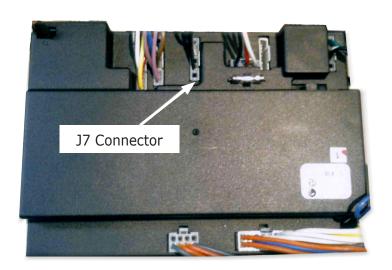
- **1.** Turn off boiler using boiler service switch.
- **2.** Disable primary boiler pump. Disconnect multi pin connector J7 from control module. See figure 9-10.
- 3. Disable secondary system pumps attached to system.
- **4.** Establish call for heat. Jump CHW T-T terminals on low voltage terminal block. Turn on boiler using boiler service switch.
- Boiler will fire. Based on natural convection within boiler, boiler will either:
  - A. Lockout <u>A-06</u> "Safety Relay Error". Requires manual reset of control module. Press reset button on User interface. See *9.3 Program Boiler Control* .
  - B. Shut off burner <u>E40</u> "Return Water Temp". This is a soft lockout. When water temperature drops below limit boiler will automatically refire then Lockout <u>A-06</u> requiring manual reset of control module. Press Reset button on User Interface.

OR

- C. Shut off burner <u>E39</u> "Flue Temperature Sensor". This is a soft lockout. When flue sensor drops below limit, boiler will automatically refire then Lockout <u>A-06</u> requiring manual reset of control module. Press Reset button on User Interface.
- **6.** After safety operation is verified, turn off boiler via service switch. Remove jumper in T-T. Replace J7 connector into control module, enable secondary pump operation, turn service switch on and restart system to verify operation.

Look for BLUE flame with slight YELLOW tips evenly spaced around burner

### 9-10 Control Module J7 Connector



### 9.8 Complete Start Up Procedure

- **1.** Reset control parameters to operating settings if adjusted to allow startup and operation test.
- 2. Follow instructions TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE (page 45) if boiler is not being placed into immediate operation.
- 3. Enter installer information on Warranty Registration Card
- **4.** Gather all instructions, manuals, wiring diagrams, warranty registration card and other supporting information. Review with user and/or affix in conspicuous location adjacent to boiler.

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

### **A** WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights burner. Do NOT try to light this burner by hand.
- Before operating smell all around appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle to the floor.
- Use only your hand to turn the gas shutoff valve. Never use tools. If valve will not turn by hand, do not try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in fire or explosion.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect appliance and to replace any part of control system and any gas control which has been under water.

#### 10.1 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### Stop! Read Safety information above.

- Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- Turn "OFF" all electrical power to appliance.
- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light burner by hand!
- Remove upper jacket panel.
- Turn gas shutoff valve clockwise \(\bigvee\) to closed position. Handle should be perpendicular to gas pipe.
- Wait 5 minutes for any gas to clear. Smell for gas, including near floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow instructions on this page: "What To Do If You Smell Gas." If you do not smell gas, go to next step.
- Replace upper jacket panel.
- Turn "ON" electrical power to appliance.
- Set thermostat to desired setting.
- If the appliance will not operate, follow instructions TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE and call your service technician or gas supplier.

### **A**CAUTION

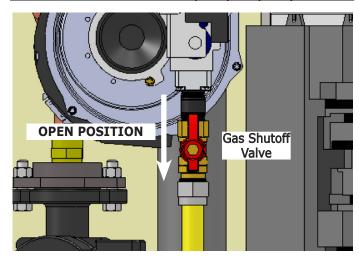
### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

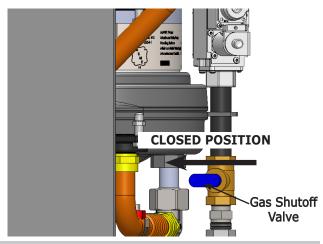
### 10.2 TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- Turn **"OFF"** all electric power to appliance if service is to be performed.
- Remove front jacket panel.
- Turn gas shutoff valve handle clockwise 🗘 to closed position. Handle should be perpendicular to gas pipe.
- Replace front jacket panel.

#### 10-1 Gas Shutoff Valve - 050/075/100/150/200 MBH



#### 10-2 Gas Shutoff Valve - 299 MBH



#### 11 - GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

### **A** DANGER

Before servicing, turn off electrical power to boiler at service switch. Close manual gas valve to turn gas supply OFF to boiler. Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

### **ACAUTION**

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.



Verify proper operation after servicing.



Perform regular service and maintenance by qualified service agency at least once every 12 months to assure safe, trouble free operation and maximum efficiency.

### 11.1 Beginning of Each Heating Season

- Check boiler area is free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- Visually inspect combustion air and vent piping for proper operation. Check for and remove any obstruction to flow of combustion air or vent gases. Immediately repair or replace pipe showing deterioration or leakage. Reassemble per instructions in section 6. Ensure proper reassembly and resealing of system.
- Visually inspect condensate drain line for proper operation. Checking for deteriorated or plugged condensate drain line. Verify condensate trap drains freely.
- Test safety relief valve for proper operation. Refer to valve manufacturer's instructions packaged with relief valve.
- Examine flue passages in heat exchanger, burner, condensate lines, and cleaning (if necessary) by following instructions in "Annual Examination and Cleaning of Boiler Components" in this section.

### FIGURE 11-1 Sight Glass - 050/075/100/150/200 MBH

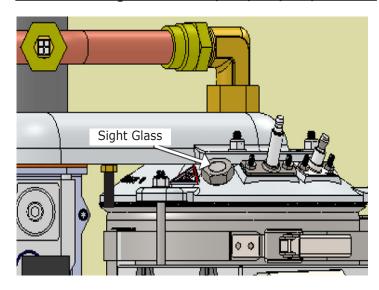
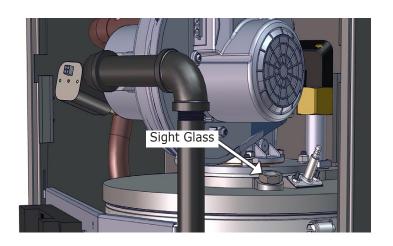


FIGURE 11-2 Sight Glass - 299 MBH



### 11 - GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

- Circulator pump and combustion air blower motor furnished with boiler are permanently lubricated from factory and require no further lubrication. Lubricate field sourced pumps and/or motors according to pump and/or motor manufacturer's instruction.
- Check following components are operating properly and are free of blockages or obstructions:
  - air vent;
  - check venturi air inlet for blockage and clean as required;
  - verify pressure test port cap and combustion test port are in place;
  - return temperature sensor clip must be securely seated on pipe; Check boiler for any sign of leaks.
- Check low water cutoff using user interface.
  - Check operation by pressing test button on low water cutoff.
    - "Low Water" LED should illuminate and burner should shut down.
    - Should get error message on User Interface (E36).
  - Every 5 years remove low water cutoff. Reinstall after cleaning.
  - Every 10 years replace low water cutoff.
- See Table 13 page 40 for flame signal rate at 100% firing rate ( High fire).
- Visual inspection of flame through sight glass. Burner should be fully illuminated. See figures 11-1 & 11-2.
- Check heating system expansion tank.

#### 11.2 Annual Shut Down Procedure

- Follow instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" unless boiler is also used to supply domestic hot water. See section 10.
- Drain system completely if system does not have antifreeze when heating system is to remain out of service during freezing weather.
- Drain condensate lines when boiler is to be exposed to freezing temperatures.

### **AWARNING**

Following service procedures must be performed by qualified service agent. Boiler owner shall not attempt these steps. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

# **11.3** Annual Inspection and Cleaning of Boiler Components

- Obtain Burner Inspection Kit. Follow kit instructions to prepare for examination and cleaning.
- Burner and heat exchanger inspection and cleaning:
  - **1.** Remove gasket and burner. Allow burner to clear top lip of chassis.
  - 2. Remove any residual sleeve and/or gasket material from removed burner.
  - 3. Clean burner using air hose directed into top of burner opening to dislodge any debris in burner ports. Inspect burner for foreign matter in flame ports or inside burner. Remove foreign matter by blowing with compressed air or vacuuming. Replace burner if it cannot be cleaned or is showing deterioration.
  - **4.** Clean heat exchanger with low pressure water spray. Use flexible handle nylon brush to loosen sediment and oxide on all accessible heating surfaces of heat exchanger. Take care not to get brush stuck in heat exchanger.
  - **5.** Remove any remaining loosened sediment using shop vacuum with snorkel attachment.
- Clean condensate collector if significant debris found in heat exchanger.
  - **1.** Expand upper spring tension clip of condensate trap using hose clamp pliers. Disconnect condensate trap from condensate collector. See figure 9-1.
  - **2.** Disconnect wire harness from vent temperature sensor. See figures 3-4 & 3-5.
  - **3.** Loosen upper hose clamp securing condensate collector to flue pipe using 3/8" socket with 6" extension.

### 11 - GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

- **4.** Remove ¼-20 hex flange nuts securing condensate collector to heat exchanger using 7/16" deep well socket. See figures 3-5 & 3-6.
- **5.** Remove condensate collector assembly from heat exchanger and flue pipe.
- **6.** Flush collector and condensate trap with water.
- Follow Burner Inspection Kit instructions to reassemble boiler and resume operation.



## TABLE 14: SEA LEVEL RATINGS NATURAL AND PROPANE GASES

Size	Boiler Input	Rate (MBH) <sup>(1)</sup>	Heating Capacity (MBH)(1)(2) Net AHRI Rating, Water (MBH)(1)(3)		AFUE <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Maximum	Minimum	(IVIDIT). A.			
050	50	10	46	40	95.0	
075	75	15	69	60	95.0	
100	100	20	91	79	95.0	
150	150	30	139	121	95.0	
200	200	40	185	161	95.0	
299	299	60	273	237	95.0	

<sup>(1) 1000</sup> Btu/hr (British Thermal Units Per Hour)

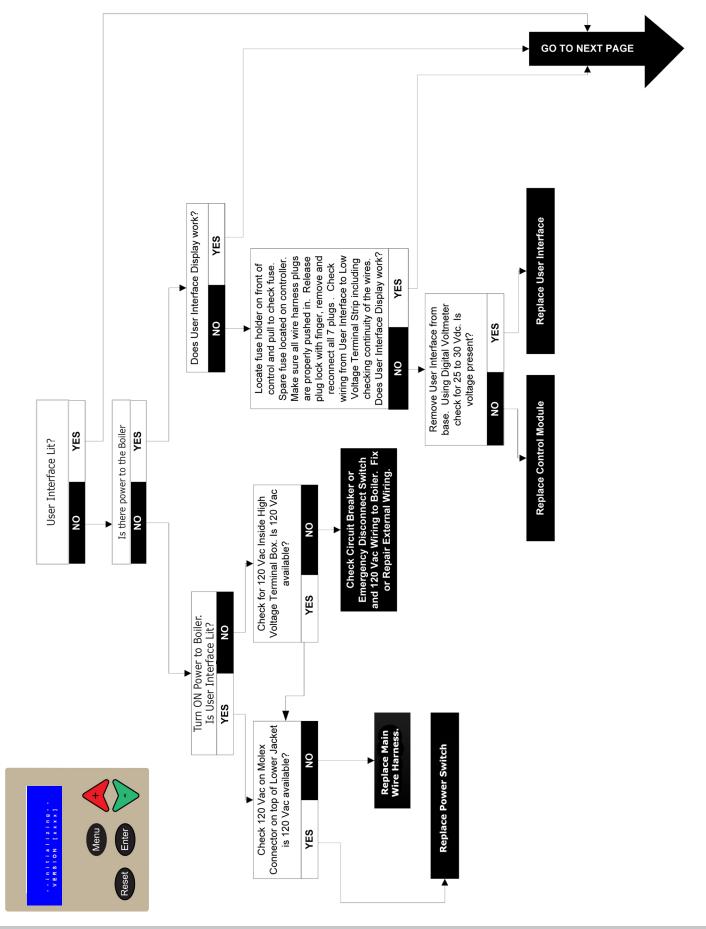
### 12.1 Ratings and Capacities

- Constructed and hydrostatically tested for maximum allowable working pressure of 150 psig (pounds per square inch gauge) (345 kPa) in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV, Rules for Construction of Heating Boilers.
- Ratings use for elevations up to 2000 ft (600m) above sea level. (Table 14)
- For elevations between 2000 ft (600m) and 4500 ft (1350m), install high altitude control kit
- For elevations above 4500 ft (1350m) install high altitude control kit and :
  - USA Reduce input rate 4% for each 1000 ft (300m) beyond 4500 ft.

<sup>(2)</sup> Heating Capacity and AFUE (Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency) are based on DOE (Department of Energy) test procedures.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net AHRI Ratings based on piping and pickup allowance of 1.15. Contact Technical Support before selecting boiler for installations having unusual piping and pickup requirements, such as intermittent system operation, extensive piping systems, etc.

### 13 - TROUBLE SHOOTING



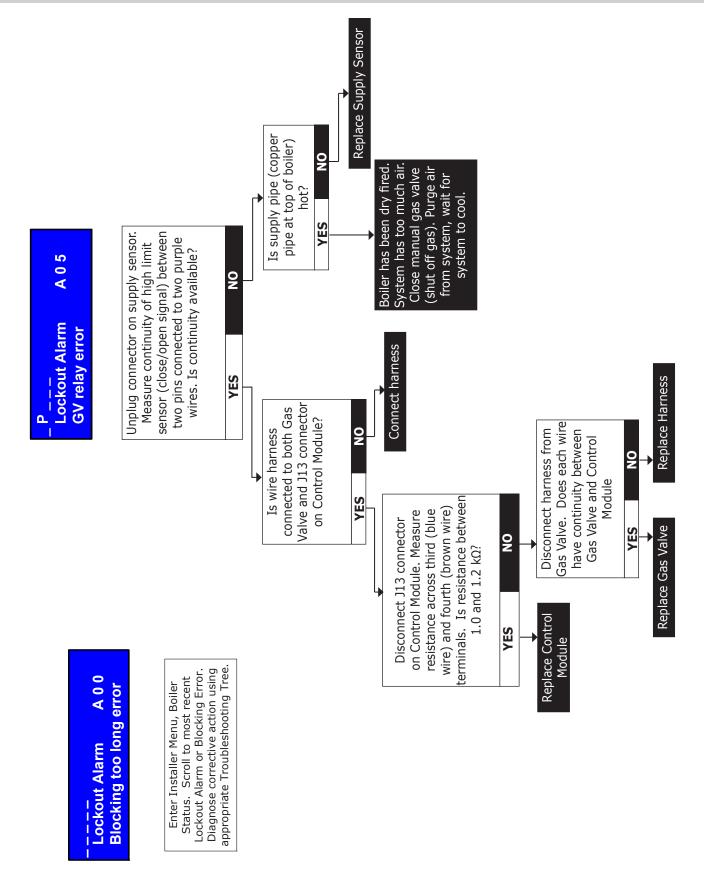
### 13 - TROUBLE SHOOTING

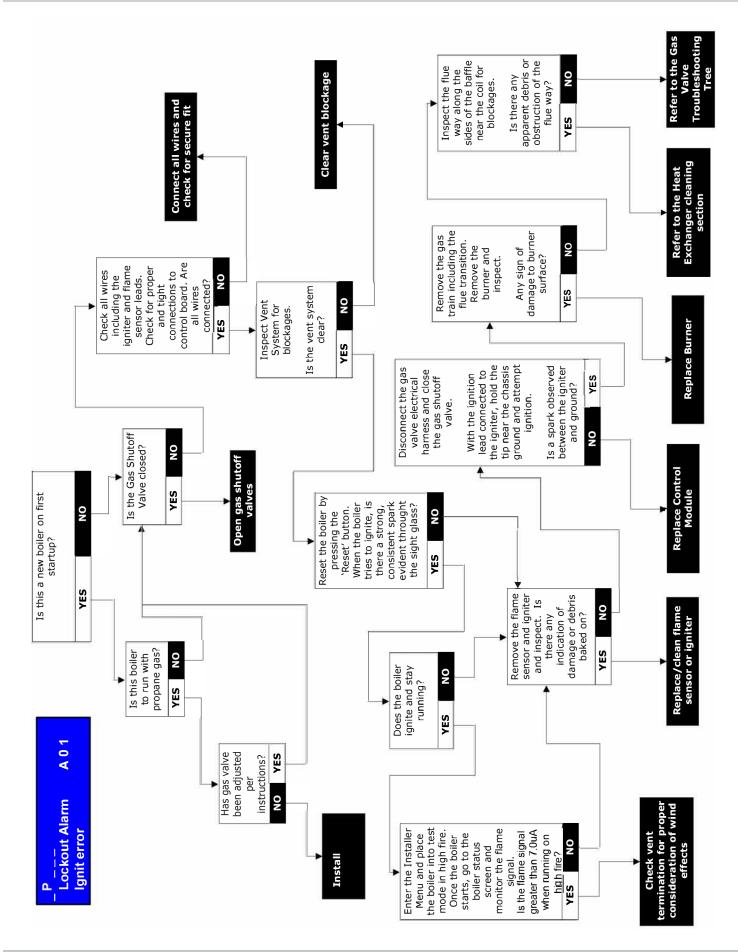
Screen Display	Explanation	Go to Page For Troubleshooting
Lockout Alarm A 0 0 Blocking Too Long Error	Control has blocking error for more than 20 hours in a row.	Go to Page 53
Lockout Alarm A 0 1	Three unsuccessful ignition attempts in a row	Go to Page 54
Lockout Alarm A 0 5 GV Relay Error	Open gas valve power circuit. May involve high temperature switch, gas valve, or gas valve relay in control module.	Go to Page 53
Lockout Alarm A 0 6 Safety Relay Error	Safety Circuit is open.	Go to Page 55
_ P Lockout Alarm A 0 8 Fan Error	Blower speed does not reach speed calculated by Control Module.	Go to Page 56
Lockout Alarm A 0 9 to A 1 4 Various Text Messages	Control Module internal error.	Replace Control Module
Lockout Alarm A 1 8 Max Temp Error	High Temperature opens during normal operation.	Go to Page 57
Lockout Alarm A 2 0 Flame Out Too Late	Control Module detects flame after gas valve is closed more than 10 seconds.	Replace Gas Valve
Lockout Alarm A 2 1 Flame Error 1	Flame is detected before gas valve opens.	Replace Gas Valve
Lockout Alarm A 2 2 A 2 3 Various Text Messages	Control module internal error.	Replace Control Module
Lockout Alarm A 2 4 3 Flame Failures	Lost flame signal 3 times during one heat call.	Go to Page 58
Lockout Alarm A 2 7 to A 3 0 Various Text Messages	Control Module internal error.	Replace Control Module
Blocking Error E 3 1 to E 3 4 Various Text Messages	Control Module internal error.	Replace Control Module
Blocking Error E 33	External voltage supplied to DHW T-T or CH T-T terminals. Eliminate voltage using dry contact relay.	-
F P Blocking Error E 3 5 False Flame Detect	Flame detected when gas valve is closed.	Go to Page 58

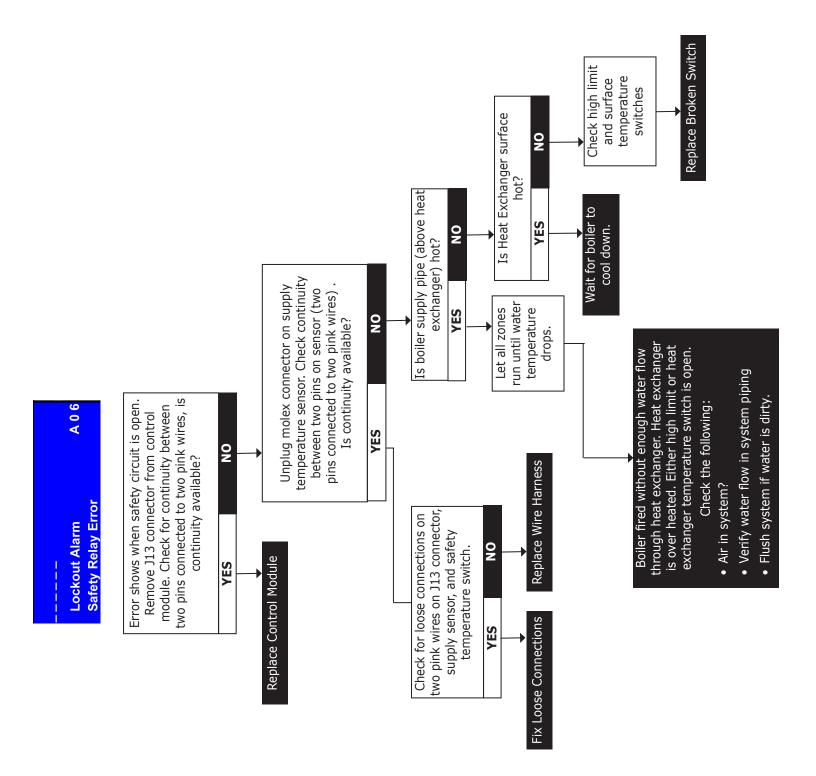
### 13 - TROUBLE SHOOTING

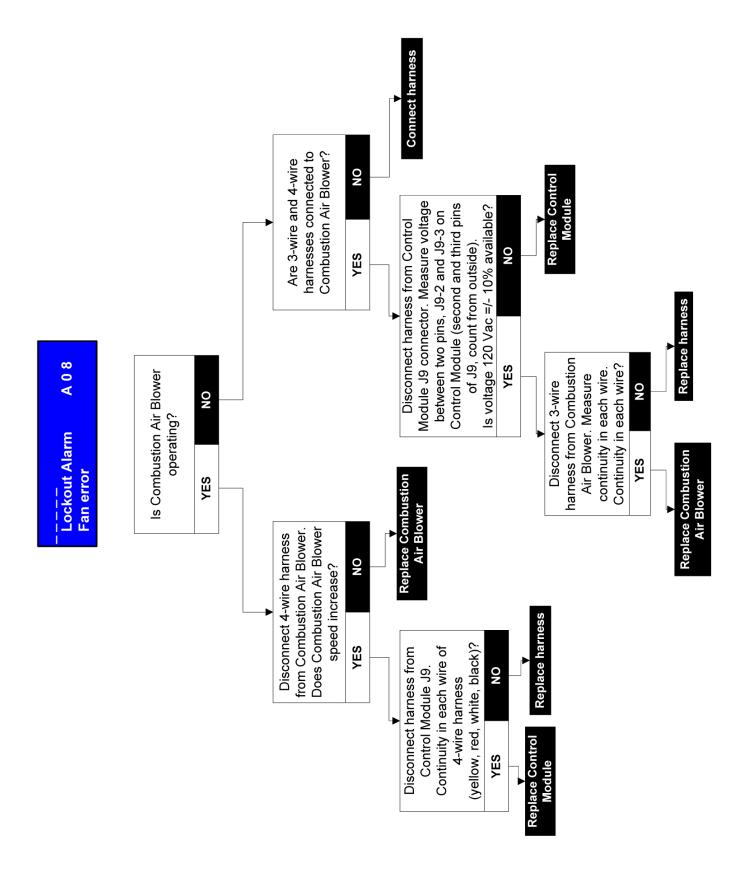
Screen Display	Explanation	Go to Page For Troubleshooting
Blocking Error E 3 6 Low Water Cutoff	Low water cutoff sees no water.	Go to Page 59
Blocking Error E 39 Flue Gas Error	Flue temperature sensor sees temperature higher than 200°F.	Go to Page 60
Blocking Error E 4 0 Return Temp	Return water temperature sensor sees temperature higher than 200°F.	Go to Page 61
Blocking Error E 4 3 Various Text Messages	Control board internal error. Power down then power up boiler. If error repeatedly occurs replace control module.	Replace Control Module
Blocking Error E 4 4 Phase Error	Boiler is powered by three wires, hot, neutral and ground. E44 displays when neutral wire is not neutral.	Go to Page 61
Blocking Error E 4 5 Net Freq Error	Control board sees power supply frequency not in range of 59 to 61 Hz.	Go to Page 62
Blocking Error E 4 6 Faulty Earth Error	Boiler power supply ground wire is not grounded.	Go to Page 63
Blocking Error E 4 7 Various Text Messages	Control board internal error. Power down then power up boiler. If error repeatedly occurs replace control module.	Replace Control Module
P Blocking Error E 5 1 Supply Sens Open	Supply temperature sensor is open. No continuity.	Go to Page 63
_ P Blocking Error E 5 2 Return Sens Open	Return water temperature sensor is open. No continuity.	Go to Page 64
_ P L Blocking Error E 5 7 Flue Sens Open	Flue temperature sensor is open. No continuity. Note: If "L" indicator appears Flue Sensor is open.	Go to Page 65
P Blocking Error E 5 9 Supply Sens Shorted	Supply water temperature sensor is shorted. '0' Ohm	Go to Page 65
P Blocking Error E 6 0 Return Sens Shorted	Return water temperature sensor is shorted. '0' Ohm	Go to Page 66
P Blocking Error E 6 5 Flue Sens Shorted	Flue temperature sensor is shorted. '0' Ohm	Go to Page 66
P Blocking Error E 6 6 Reset Button Error	Reset button was pressed too many times.	Error Clears in 1-2 minutes
E73 to E79 Blocking Error Various Fan Error Te; E 81, 88, 89	Fault detected in blower motor system.	Go to page 62

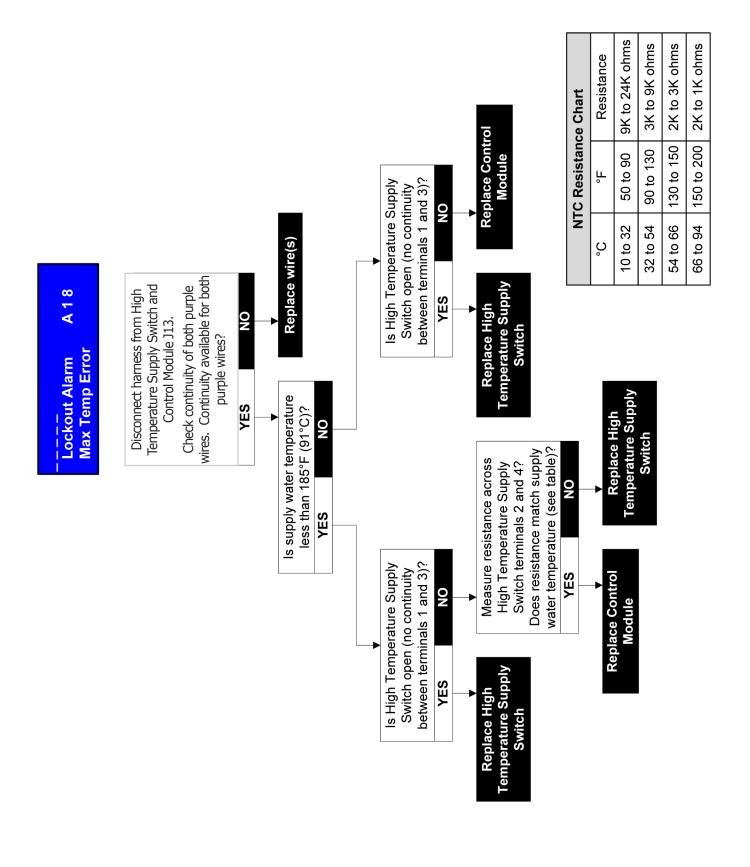
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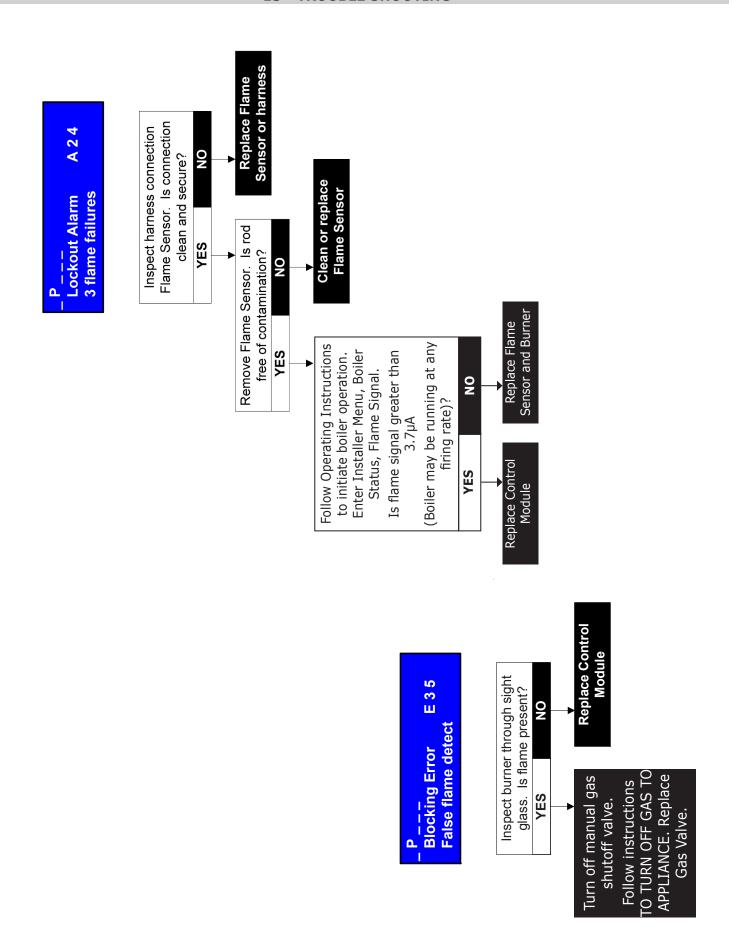


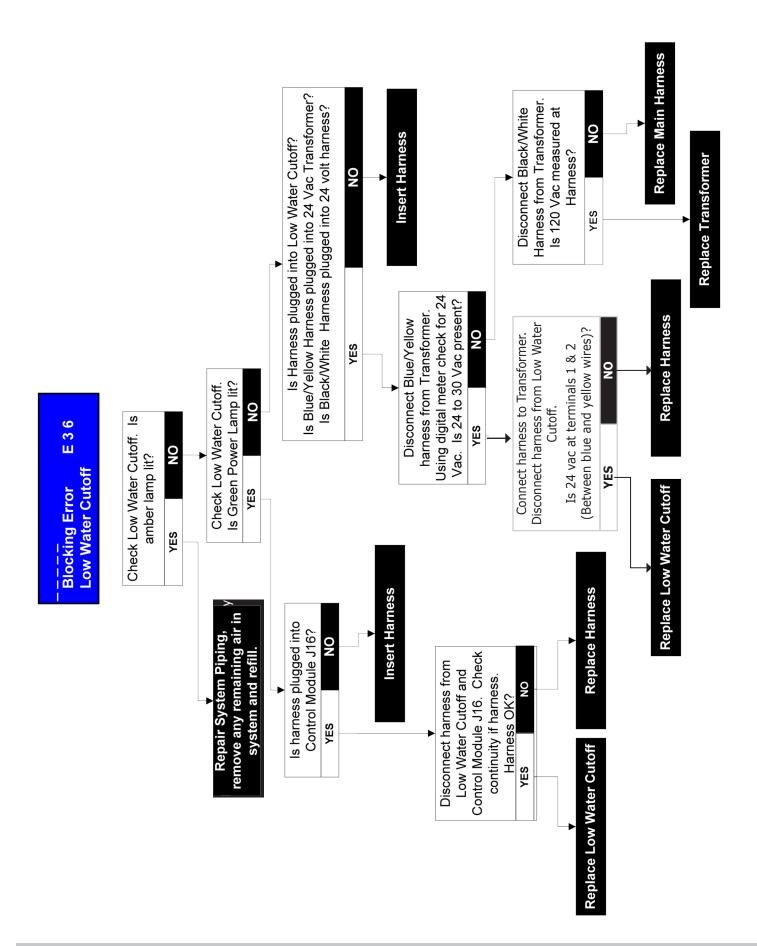


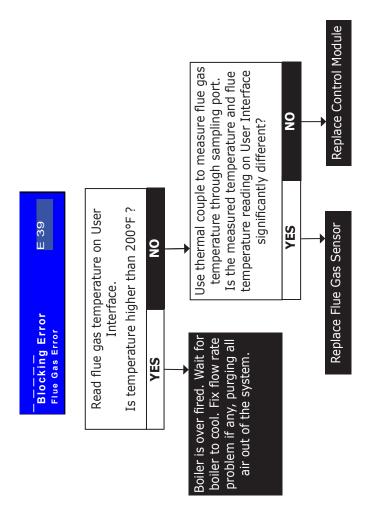


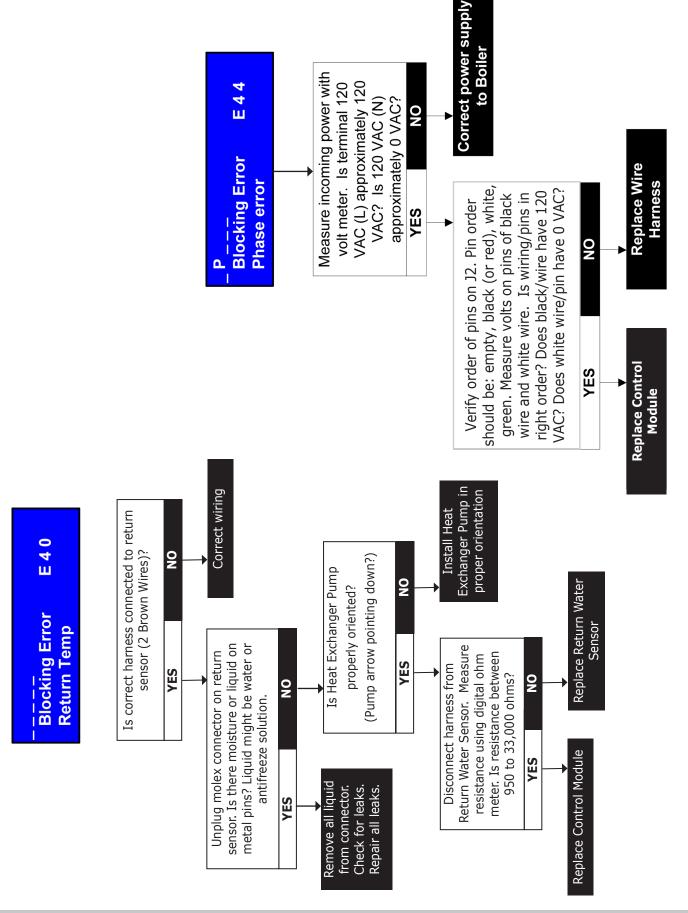


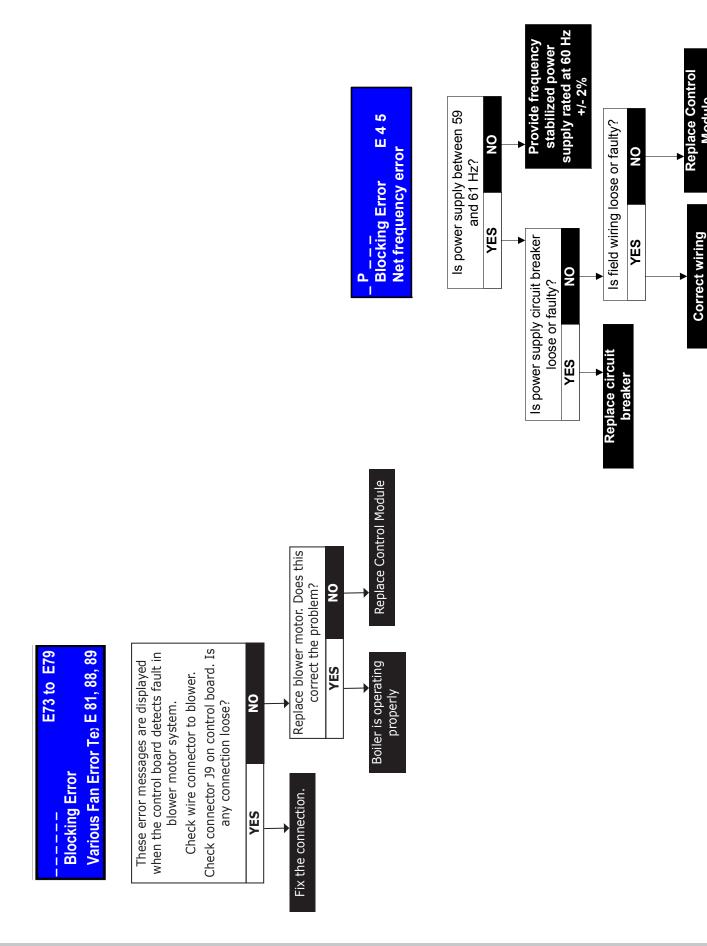




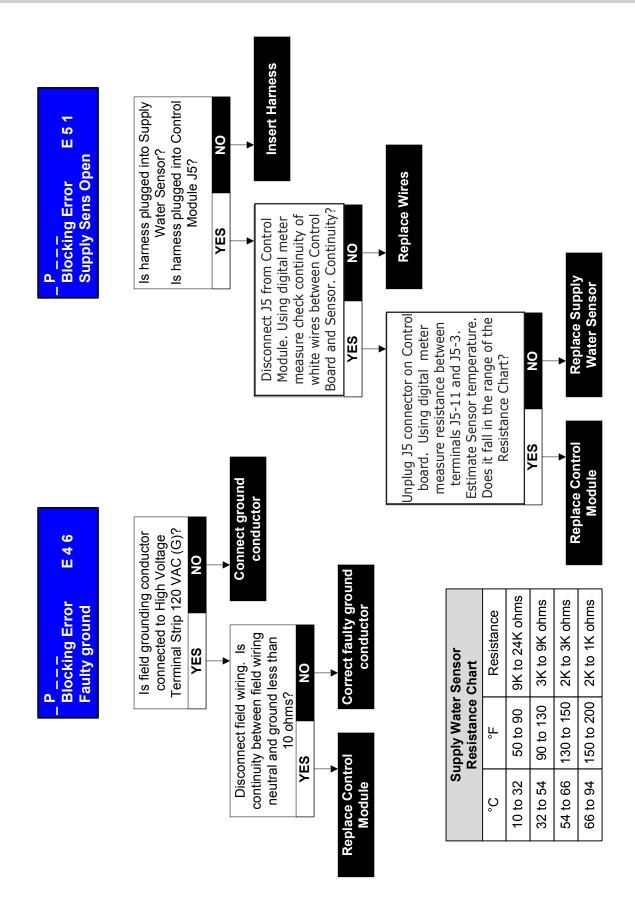


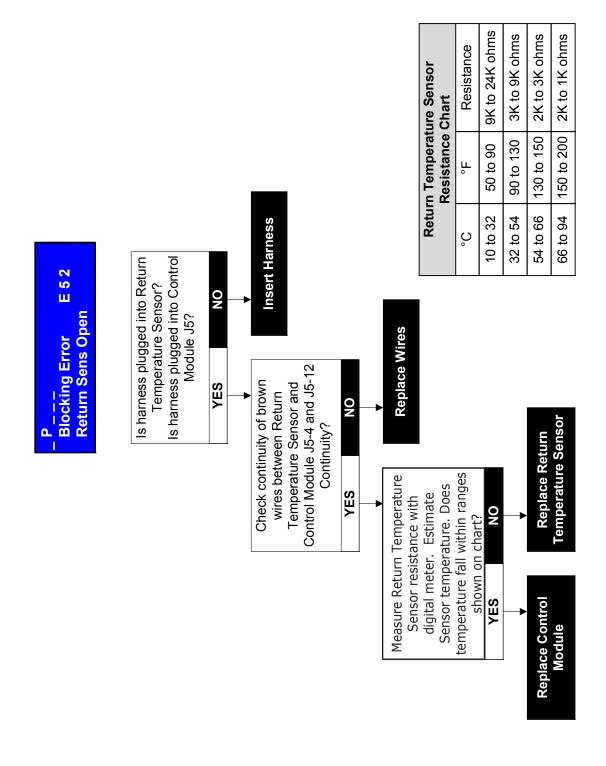


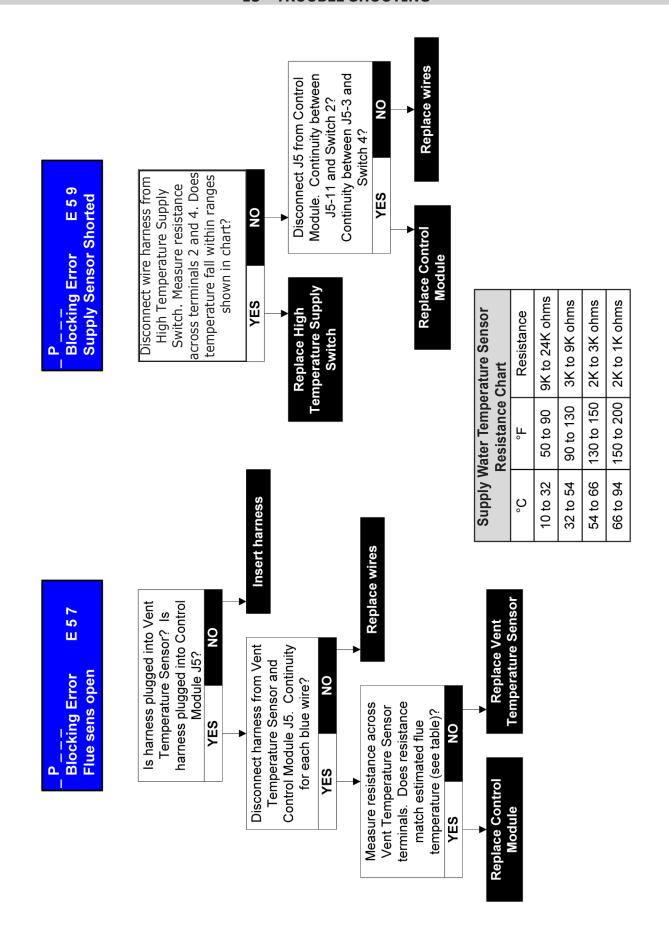


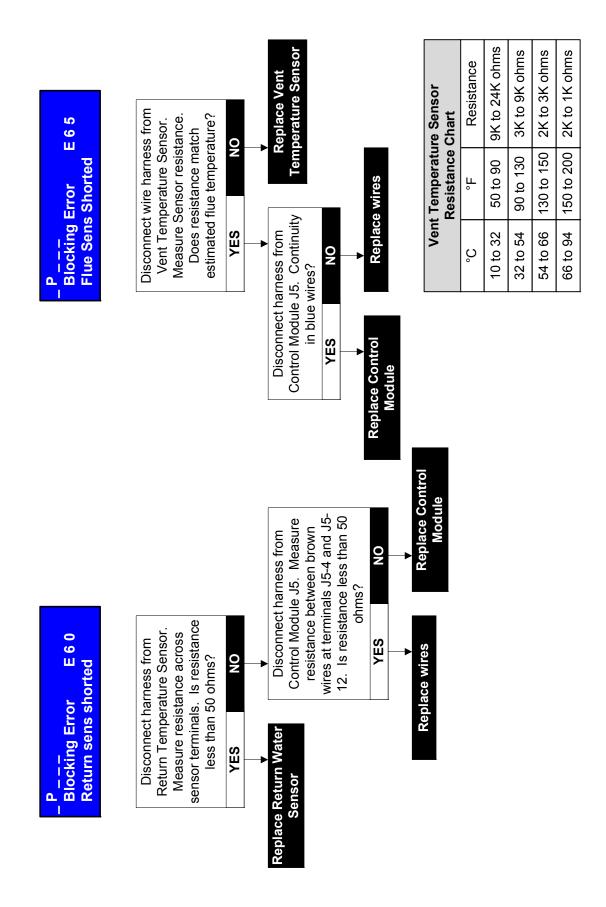


Module

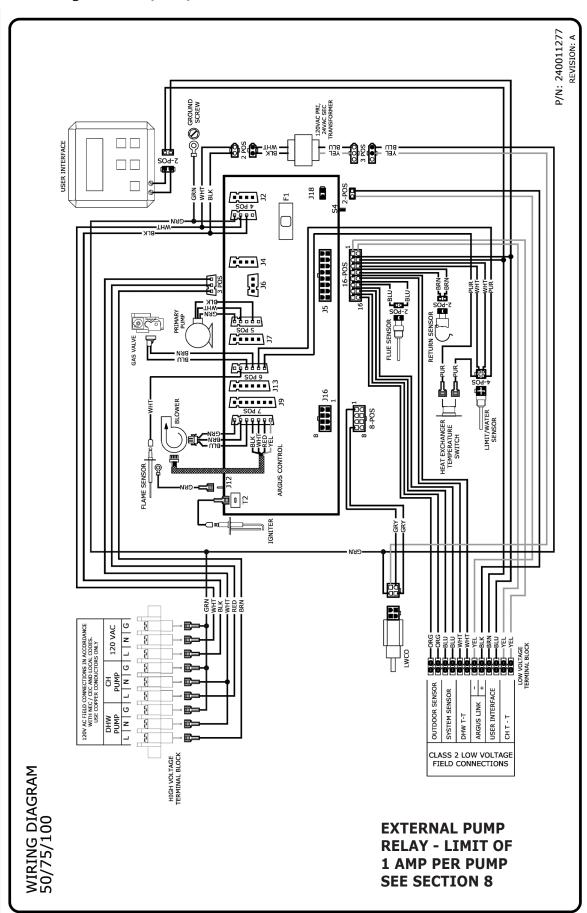




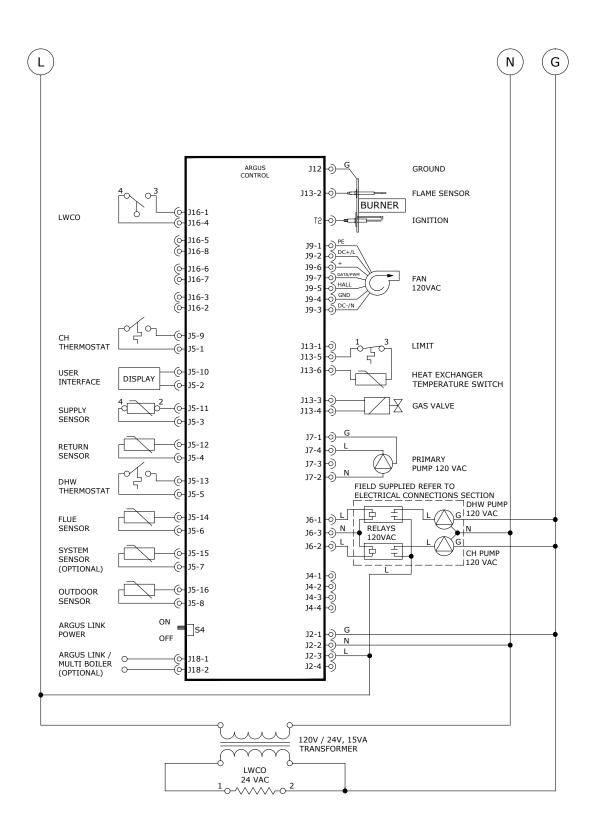




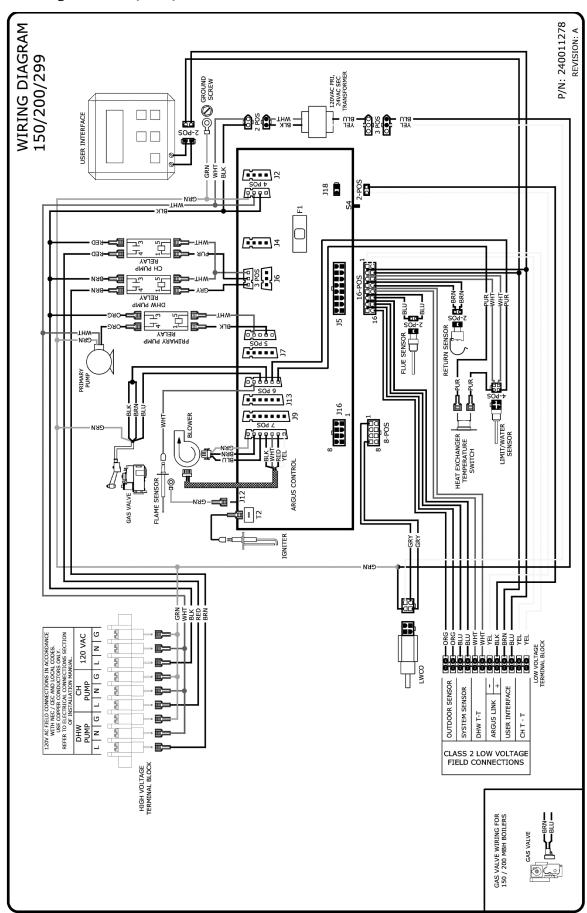
### 14.1 Connection Diagram - 050/075/100 MBH



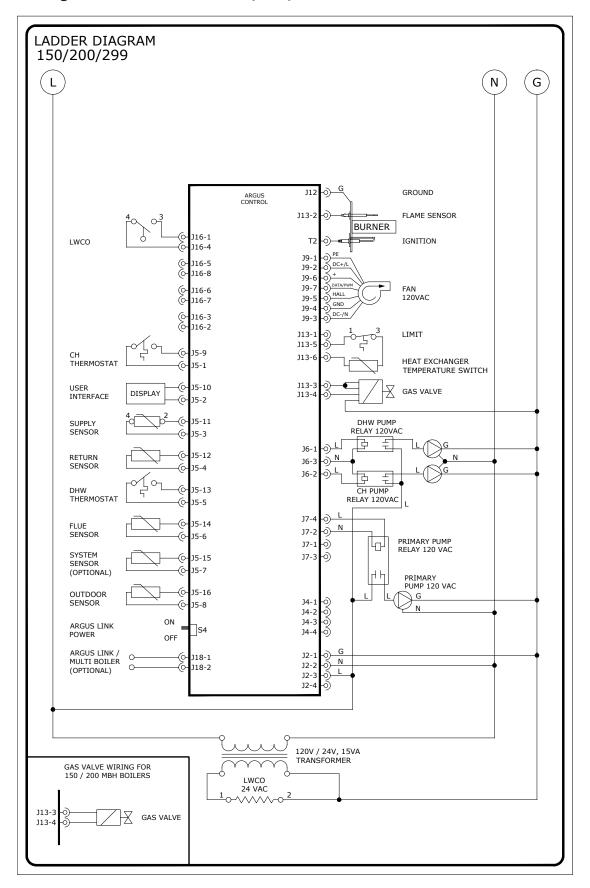
### 14.2 Schematic Diagram of Ladder Form - 050/075/100 MBH



### 14.3 Connection Diagram - 150/200/299 MBH



### 14.4 Schematic Diagram of Ladder Form - 150/200/299 MBH



#### 15 - GLOSSARY

- ANSI American National Standards Institute,
   Inc. oversees creation and maintenance of voluntary
   consensus standards, including ANSI Z21.13/CSA 4.9: Gas-Fired Low Pressure Steam and Hot Water Boilers.
- ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials.
   ASTM International is one of largest voluntary standards development organizations in world trusted source for technical standards for materials, products, systems, and services. Known for their high technical quality and market relevancy, ASTM International standards have important role in information infrastructure that guides design, manufacturing and trade in the global economy.
- AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION Individual or organization adopting and enforcing codes, rules, and bylaws governing various concerns of community. Commonly referred to as "final authority" for any matters relating to LIFE SAFETY and BUILDING CONSTRUCTION within a community.
- **Btu** Abbreviation for British Thermal Unit. Quantity of heat required to raise temperature of 1 pound of water 1°F.
- **BURNER** Device for final conveyance of gas or mixture of gas and air, to combustion zone.
- COMBUSTION Rapid oxidation of fuel gases accompanied by production of heat or heat and light. Complete combustion of fuel is possible only in presence of adequate supply of Oxygen.
- COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL Materials made of or surfaced with wood, compressed paper, plant fibers, or other materials capable of being ignited and burned. Such material shall be considered combustible even though flameproofed, fire-retardant treated, or plastered.
- **CONDENSATE** Liquid separated from flue gas due to reduction in temperature.
- DIRECT VENT BOILER Boiler constructed and installed so all combustion air is derived directly from outdoors and all vent gases are discharged to outdoors.
- **DRAFT** Pressure difference causes gases or air to flow through a chimney, vent, flue or appliance.
- FLA Full load amps.
- FLUE GASES Products of combustion plus excess air in appliance flues or heat exchanger.

- HIGH-VOLTAGE Circuit involving potential of not more than 600 volts and having circuit characteristics in excess of those of low-voltage circuit.
- **IGNITER** Device utilizing electrical energy to ignite gas at main burner.
- **LEAK CHECK** Operation performed on gas piping system to verify system does not leak.
- LOW WATER CUTOFF Device constructed to automatically cut off fuel supply when surface of water in boiler falls to lowest safe water level.
- LOW-VOLTAGE Circuit involving potential of not more than 30 volts.
- METRIC GAS METERS

#### Natural Gas

For example: Gas Meter measures 0.1 cubic Meters in 100 seconds

MBH = 
$$\frac{127,116 \times 0.1}{100}$$
 = 127 MBH

#### Propane Gas (LP)

MBH = 
$$\frac{383,482 \text{ x} \underline{\qquad} \text{ cu meters}}{\text{Seconds}}$$

 PRESSURE TEST - Operation performed to verify gas tight integrity of gas piping following its installation or modification.

### 15 - GLOSSARY

- PURGE To free gas conduit of air or gas, or mixture of gas and air.
- PURGE TIME Period of time intended to allow for dissipation of any unburned gas or residual products of combustion.
- **QUALIFIED AGENCY** Any individual, firm, corporation, or company engaged in and responsible for:
  - Installation, testing, or replacement of gas piping, or connection, installation, testing, repair or servicing of appliances and equipment.
  - Experienced in such work.
  - Familiar with all precautions required.
  - Complies with all requirements of authority having jurisdiction.
- SAFETY RELIEF VALVE Valve designed to relieve pressure in hot water supply system when pressure exceeds pressure capability of equipment.
- **SAFETY SHUTOFF DEVICE** Device that will shut off gas supply to controlled burner in event source of ignition fails.
- SEDIMENT TRAP Gas piping arrangement designed to collect any liquid or solid contaminant before reaching gas valve.
- **VENT** Passageway used to convey flue gases from appliance vent connector to outdoors.
- VENTING SYSTEM Continuous open passageway from of appliance vent connector to outdoors for purpose of removing flue or vent gases.

#### 1.1 Introduction

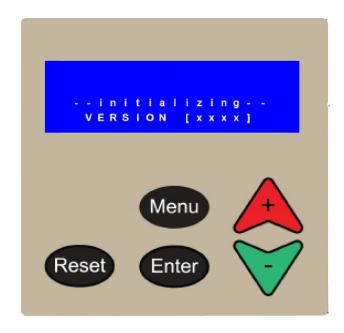
Boiler is equipped with programmable electronic control and user interface module.

#### 1.2 Operation

- Display: 4 x 20 character LCD screen to show boiler status.
- Function Keys

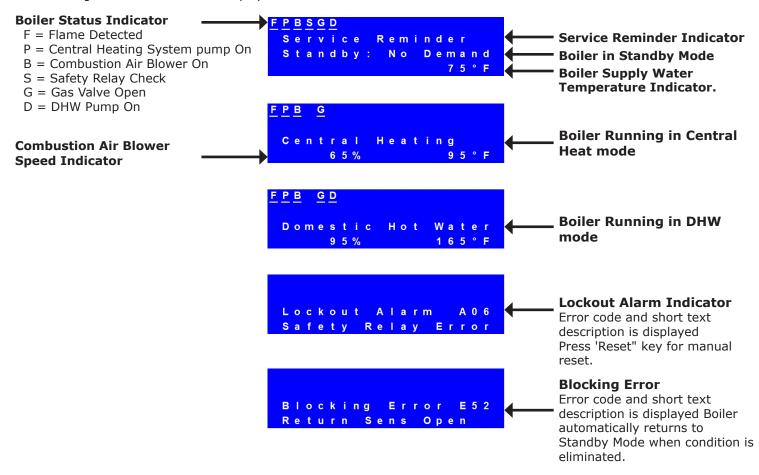
Key	Description
Reset	- Manual Lockout Reset
Menu	- Enter/Exit user menu - Go to previous screen
Enter	- Select a menu item - Confirm new parameter value
+	- Scroll up to next menu item - Increase value
	- Scroll down to next menu item - Decrease value

#### Operation with LCD character display module

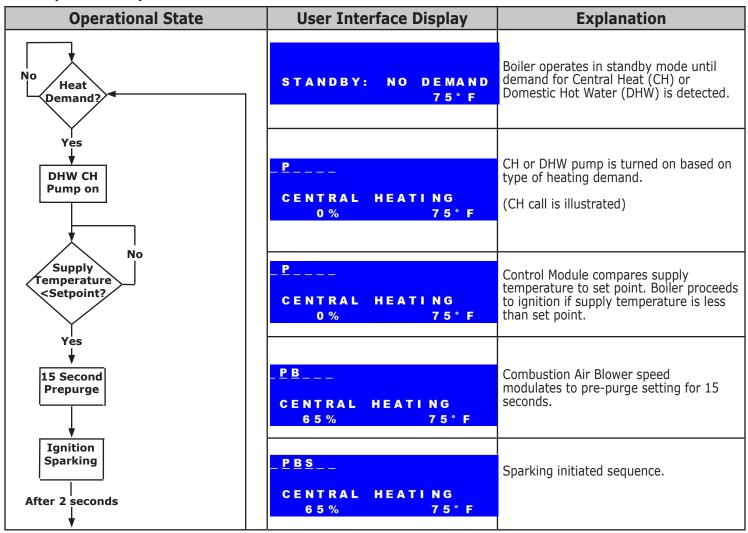


#### 1.3 Status Indication

The following status screens can be displayed:



#### 1.4 Sequence of Operation



#### 1.4 Sequence of Operation

Operational State	User Interface Display	Explanation
After 2 seconds  Flame Detected?  Yes  Lockout Error A21	LOCKOUT ALARM A21 FLAME ERROR 1	If flame detected before Gas Valve opens during ignition boiler will lockout.  Please refer to troubleshooting guide.
Note:  No Signition trials, then Energized Lockout A01	PBSG CENTRAL HEATING 65% 75°F	Gas Valve energized to deliver air/fuel to burner.
After 3 seconds  Flame Detected?  No  No  Second Post purge	_PBSG_ CENTRAL HEATING 65% 75°F	If flame undetected after 3 seconds boiler will de-energize Gas Valve and enter post purge mode for 30 seconds.  Ignition attempted 5 times before lockout.
Yes Yes Heat Demand Met?	FPB_G_ CENTRAL HEATING 5% 135°F	Boiler will run provided all operational and safety devices are within limits  Refer to for more information.  Control module adjusts firing rate according to heating demand. When Boiler detects demand met, will enter post purge mode then standby mode.
No No  Simultaneous DHW + CH Demand?  See Max DHW Priority Time Setting  DHW Priority Mode	F_B_SD  DOMESTIC HOT WATER 100% 160°F	If simultaneous demand for Central Heat and DHW, boiler will enter DHW Priority Mode.  Priority mode limits amount of time boiler can run in DHW mode to meet CH demand.  Max DHW Priority Time setting determines maximum time allowed for DHW heating mode.  Please refer to section Appendix A section 1.5 for more information.

#### 1.5 User Menu

	User Interface Display	Explanation		
STANDBY	Standby: No Demand 75° F	Boiler operates in standby mode until demand for Central Heat (CH) or Domestic Hot Water (DHW) is detected.		
User M	lenu (Press Menu botton on user interface to	access User Menu)		
		User Menu structure includes:		
nua	MENU	'Boiler Status' submenu– User can monitor general boiler status parameters such as sensor temperatures and pump operation.		
User Menu	■ Boiler Status Settings Cascade Status			
Ď		'Cascade Status' submenu – Boiler set to function as part of multiple boiler installation; submenu used to view runtime parameters. See Multiple Boiler Manual. (This line is not shown if boiler is not in cascade system).		
		Supply Temperature set point displayed.		
	BOILER STATUS	If boiler running in CH mode, CH set point displayed.		
	Current Supply Setpoint 160°F ▼	Note:  • While running in Outdoor Reset mode, this value may change in proportion with the outdoor temperature.		
ıtus		If the boiler is running in DHW mode, the DHW supply set point is displayed.		
Boiler Statı	BOILER STATUS Supply 140°F Return 120°F DHW Stat Open▼	Several boiler runtime parameters can be viewed while in 'Boiler Status' submenu.		
	BOILER STATUS	Operational status of pump system also shown.		
	System N.C. Flue 132°F Outdoor 36°F▼	Information available during all states of boiler operation. Sensor values with troubleshooting tree used to diagnose typical problems.		
	BOILER STATUS Boiler Pump Off CH/System Pump Off DHW Pump Off			

	User Interface Display	Explanation
	SETTINGS Central Heating Setpoint °F▼  Setting Range: 104° F to 195° F (40° C to 91° C) Default Value: 140° F (60° C)	Adjust CH set point to hydronic system design while in Operating in CH Mode = 0 (CH with Thermostat) or 3 (Permanent Demand).  In CH Mode = 1 (CH with Thermostat and Outdoor Reset) or 2 (CH with Full Outdoor Reset). Display will change to 'OD Reset Setpoint' and cannot be changed. Controller calculates set point based on outdoor temperature.  Note: For explanation of available CH heating modes, refer to 'CH Mode' section located in 'CH Settings' submenu in Installer Menu.
Settings	SETTINGS  DHW Setpoint  °F  Setting Range: 104° F to 195° F (40° C to 91° C) Default Value: 180° F (82° C)  SETTINGS Change Temperature Units Fahrenheit °F  ▼	DHW set point determines supply water temperature set point while operating in DHW mode.  User interface temperature unit of measure is selected using 'Change Temperature Units' screen.  Fahrenheit and Celsius available.

	User Interface Display	Explanation			
1.6 Ir	1.6 Installer Menu				
		The Installer Menu structure includes:			
enu		Installer Menu can be accessed by simultaneously holding 'Menu' and 'Enter' keys for 5 seconds.			
	INSTALLER MENU  Boiler Status  Boiler Config  CH Settings  DHW Settings	Installer 'Menu' can be accessed by first pressing and holding the 'Enter' key continue to hold and at the same time press and hold the 'Menu' key for 5 seconds. (You must press and hold the 'Enter' key first then press and hold the 'Menu' key). 'Boiler Status' submenu – User monitors detailed boiler status parameters such as flame signal, fan speeds and stored error codes.			
Installer Menu	Cascade Settings System Test	`Boiler Config' submenu – Modifies general boiler settings.			
Insta		'CH Settings' submenu – Modifies advanced Central Heating settings including outdoor reset curve parameters and boost function.			
		'DHW Settings' – Modifies Domestic hot Water control settings such as DHW priority time.			
		'Cascade Settings' - Refer to Multiple Boiler Manual.			
	STATUS Fan Speed Actual 4000RPM	Combustion air Blower provides airflow through Combustion and Vent systems.			
	Low 1560RPM▼	Fan speed status screen indicates actual and operational fan speeds in RPM, high, low and ignition power speed settings.			
Boiler Status	STATUS Fan Speed Ignition 3500RPM High 5725RPM▼	Settings are for information only to aid in troubleshooting.			
	S T A T U S       ▲         F I a m e       0 7 . 2 u A         F a i I u r e s       2 ▼	Boiler equipped with ionization rod to detect presence of combustion using flame rectification method. When flame is present, flame ionization rod measures small DC offset current across flame to ground (i.e. burner surface).			
		'Flame' screen in 'Boiler Status' submenu displays information regarding flame ionization system; for information only and used in diagnosing combustion problems. See troubleshooting guide.			

User Interface Display		Explanation	
ller Menu			
	Information accesse Ignition attempts ar	successful and failed ignition attempts. d in 'Ignition Attempts' Screen as shown. e stored in non-volatile memory and are power failure.	
		·	
	Sat Standby_0 ON/	rety OFF Post Post Pump:  gnit_0   lgnit_1 Burn_0 Purge_0 Purge_1 CH_1	
	Demand —	<i>"</i>	
	Fan Pump		
	GasV Spark		
STATUS  Ignition Attempts Succesful 4267 Failed 21  V	Following control fea	oms 2s 3s 2s 24h max 10s 20s 30s  atures are implemented to ensure safe and Combustion System:	
	False Flame Detection	If flame is detected at end of pre-spark period (Ignit_0) than lockout will occur.	
	Re-ignition	If at end of safety period no flame detected control will go to post-purge removing unburned gas. Re-ignition attempt started following same cycle. Number of re-ignition attempts limited to 3 after which lockout occurs.	
	Intermittent Operation	Boiler can be firing continuously for 24 hours. Burner switched off and restart sequence follows.	
	Flame out too late	If flame detected after post purge lockout follows.	
	Safety relay test	In Safety ON/OFF state correct operation of safety relay is proved before ignition.	
	UL3563 High Limit Temperature Device	Boiler comes equipped with UL353 approved temperature high limit device.  Gas Valve de-energized when supply temperature exceeds 203°F lockout follows.	
	STATUS  I g n i t i o n Attempts  Succesful 4267	Iler Menu  Control module logs Information accesses Ignition attempts are retained in event of Figure A-1 Typical  State  State  Successful 4 2 6 7 Faiiled  Fan Pump Gasv Spark Filame Filame Filame False Flame Detection  False Flame Detection  Intermittent Operation Flame out too late Safety relay test  UL3563 High Limit Temperature	

	User Interface Display	Explanation	
Boiler Status	STATUS Boiler Run Time CH 320HR DHW 145HR▼	Boiler stores information regarding total CH and DHW run time in hours.  Data stored in non-volatile memory and retained in event of power failure.	
	STATUS #E39 A 2 Hrs to prev. Block Low Water Cutoff	Boiler logs last 16 blocking errors and 16 lockout errors in non-volatile memory. Information retained in event of power failure.  Most recent blocking error code and its text description displayed with elapsed time in hours since logged.	
	STATUS #A01 A 13Hrs to prev. Lock I gnition Error	Optional Computer interface Kit purchased separately to view extended error code history	
Boiler Configuration	BOILER CONFIG Address Selection: Boiler Address:	'Address Selection" screen used to set boiler position in multiple boiler cascade installation. Refer to Multiple Boiler Installation Manual.  Default setting of '0' indicates boiler is operating in single boiler mode.	
	BOILER CONFIG ALOW WATER CUTOFF  Disabled	Boiler incorporates integrated Low Water Cutoff device (LWCO) that disables boiler when low water condition exists. LWCO device located at high point of internal Heat Exchanger loop to detect low water condition.  Detection of low water condition will result in blocking error; boiler will automatically resume normal operation when proper water level returns. Refer to Troubleshooting Guide.	
		LWCO device can be disabled for diagnostic purposes or where applicable code permits.	

	User Interface Display	Explanation
		Two pump modes are available:
		1. Pump Mode = 0 'CH or CH&DHW'
		In this mode either the CH or DHW pump terminal is energized depending on the type of demand (CH or DHW).
		CH and DHW pumps are never energized at the same time.
		In the case of a simultaneous call for both CH and DHW, the energized pump depends on whether the boiler is currently supplying the CH or DHW demand. Refer to DHW Priority settings below.
	BOILER CONFIG A Pump Mode MODE: 0	This is typical of a hydronic system design with separate CH and DHW Pumps.
	CH or CH&DHW ▼	2. Pump Mode = 4 'System Pump'
Boiler Configuration		In this mode only one external system pump is installed in the hydronic system. This pump will energize independent of the type of demand (CH or DHW).
		Connect this pump to the CH/System Pump electrical terminal block. See page 56 for diagram.
		The DHW pump terminal does not function.
Boile		This is typical of a hydronic system design which utilizes zone valves for all CH zones and an DHW indirect tank.
		Note:  • Pump Mode selection depends on electrical and hydronic system design. Please refer to sections 5 and 8 for recommended hydronic piping and electrical configurations.
		Internal heat exchanger pump is energized anytime demand exists regardless of Pump Mode setting or type of demand (CH or DHW).
	BOILER CONFIG A SERVICE REMINDER	'Service Reminder' feature allows the installer to enable or disable a service reminder notification on the User Interface at a predefined interval .
	Status On Reminder 365 days	Service reminder does not affect operation of boiler in any way. It is only a reminder to End User that routine preventative maintenance is required by qualified service technician.
		Allowed Range: 1 to 999 days

	User Interface Display	Explanation		
		4. Central Heating (CH) modes available:		
		<ul> <li>CH Mode = 0 'CH with Thermostat'</li> <li>Boiler will attempt to satisfy CH demand while CH thermostat input is closed.</li> <li>Boiler will modulate its firing rate to maintain CH set point and match system heat load.</li> <li>CH set point adjusted in 'Settings' submenu under 'User Menu'</li> <li>CH Mode = 1 'CH with Thermostat and Outdoor Reset'</li> </ul>		
	C H S E T T I N G S	<ul> <li>Boiler will attempt to satisfy CH demand when CH thermostat input is closed.</li> <li>Boiler will modulate its firing rate to maintain CH set point and match system heat load.</li> <li>CH set point calculated as function of outdoor temperature using outdoor reset curve. See Figure A-2</li> </ul>		
CH Settings	CH mode MODE: 1  CH with thermostaty  No.	<ul> <li>CH Mode = 2 'CH with Full Outdoor Reset'</li> <li>CH demand is determined by outdoor temperature and Warm Weather Shutdown temperature.</li> <li>Boiler will permanently attempt to satisfy CH demand, when CH demand is available.</li> <li>CH thermostat input is ignored.</li> <li>CH set point calculated as function of outdoor temperature using outdoor reset curve. See Figure A-2</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>CH Mode = 3 'CH with Permanent Demand'</li> <li>CH demand is prermanently on.</li> <li>Boiler will permanently attempt to satisfy CH demand.</li> <li>CH thermostat input is ignored.</li> <li>CH set point is adjusted in 'Settings' submenu under 'User Menu'</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Once CH demand is satisfied (i.e. CH thermostat opens or boiler determines its minimum firing rate exceeds system heating load): <ul> <li>Burner shuts off, boiler enters post purge.</li> <li>CH pump continues to run for 30 seconds.</li> <li>Control will wait until Anti-cycle time of 180 seconds elapses before boiler fires again. Prevents short- cycling.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The internal heat exchanger pump is energized anytime demand exists regardless of Pump Mode setting or type of demand (CH or DHW).</li> </ul>		

#### **User Interface Display Explanation** SETT INGS If outdoor temperature is greater than Warm Weather Weather Warm Shutdown Temperature, demand for CH blocked and pumps stopped. Allowed Range: 35°F to 100°F (2°C to 38°C) Default Setting: 70°F (21°C) Boiler capable of operating in Outdoor Reset Mode when SETTINGS included Outdoor Sensor is connected and proper CH Mode Curv Design selected. 1 8 0 If CH Mode = 1, 'Outdoor Temperature Reset with Thermostat' or 2, 'Full Outdoor Reset' boiler will adjust Allowed Boiler Range: 60°F to 195°F (40°C CH set point proportional to outdoor temperature as to 91°C) defined by Outdoor Reset Curve below. Default Boiler Setting: 180° F (82°C) Outdoor reset curve adjusted by modifying Design and Mild Weather reference temperatures. See points A & B of Reset Curve below. Calculated CH set point always limited between 'Reset Curve SETTINGS Boiler Minimum/Maximum' temperatures. See points C & D . Curve Mild Weath. of Reset Curve below. 1 0 0 ° F Figure A-2 Outdoor Reset Curve Allowed Boiler Range: 35°F to 120 F (2°C to Calculated supply temperature follows thick black line in graph below based on outdoor temperature. Default Boiler Setting: 100°F (37°C) Reset Curve Design Points, A and B, 220 define a straignt line. Allowed Outdoor Range: 35°F to 85°F (2°C to Suppy Temperature Setpoint °F Boiler Min and Max, C and D, define a 29°C) 200 section on the straignt line. Default Outdoor Setting: 70°F (21°C) Boiler supply temperature Setpoint 180 follows the bold line sections NGS 160 Curve r Min 140 l e r $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{D})$ M a 120 100 Allowed Min. Range: 40°F to 180°F (4°C to 82°C) 80 Default Min. Setting: 70°F (21°C) 0 20 **4**0 60 100 Outdoor Temperature °F Allowed Max. Range: 80°F to 195°F (27°C to 91° Note. Modes only function when outdoor temperature sensor Défault Max. Setting: 180°F (82°C) connected. • If 'Open' outdoor sensor detected CH set point equal to 'Boiler Reset Curve Design' temperature. • Outdoor temperature used for CH set point calculation measured once a minute and averaged with previous measurement to compensate for rapid outdoor temperature variations.

	User Interface Display	Explanation	
		Outdoor reset boost function increases CH set point by increment ('Temp') if CH demand continues beyond pre-set time limit ('Time').	
	CH SETTINGS Boost Function Temp 0°F	CH set point will continue to increase until set point reaches 195°F / 91°C	
tings	Time 20 min▼	Allowable Temperature Increment: 036 °F (020 °C) Default Temperature increment: 0 °F (10 °C)	
CH Settings		Allowable Time Delay: 1120 minutes Default Time Delay: 20 minutes	
	CH SETTINGS  Maximum Power CH	Maximum boiler power in CH mode limited by adjusting 'Maximum Power CH' setting. Boiler will not exceed this value while operating in CH Mode.	
	M a x 1 0 0 % ▼	Allowable Range: 1100% Default Setting: 100%	
		Two DHW modes are available  • DHW Mode = 0 'No DHW	
		DHW Mode is disabled	
		The DHW thermostat input is ignored and the DHW pump is not used.	
		DHW Mode = 2 'DHW Store with Thermostat'	
sbu	DHW SETTINGS  DHW mode MODE: 1  DHW store with sensor	Boiler reacts to DHW demand when DHW thermostat input closes.	
/ Settings		Boiler modulates to meet DHW demand similar to CH Mode except DHW set point is used. DHW set point set in Settings' submenu found in 'User Menu'.	
DHW		Simultaneous CH & DHW demands handled using DHW Priority Timing. See 'DHW Maximum Priority Time' setting below.	
		Note:  Outdoor reset function disabled while operating in DHW Mode.	
		<ul> <li>Typical when using a DHW indirect storage tank.</li> <li>After DHW demand satisfied, boiler enters post purge mode and DHW pump continues to run for 15 seconds.</li> </ul>	

	User Interface Display	Explanation
DHW Settings	DHW SETTINGS  DHW max. priority time  30 min  Allowed Range: 1 to 60 Minutes Default Setting: 30 Minutes	Maximum time boiler operates in DHW mode limited by DHW Maximum Priority Time Setting.  Priority timer starts when both CH and DHW demand is present. Boiler will switch from DHW back to CH operation after Maximum Priority Time has elapsed.  CH demand then has priority until Maximum Priority Time has elapsed.  Process repeats until either CH or DHW demand satisfied.
System Test	SYSTEM TEST Set test power  Off	System Test can be activated via installer menu for testing system at fixed power rates.  Boiler can be started without CH or DHW demand being present. System Test has priority over any system demand while test mode activated.  System Test mode automatically ends after 30 minutes boiler resumes normal operation.  The following modes are available:  Disabled  Low power - Burner starts. After ignition period has finished the burner stays at low power  Ignition power - Burner starts. Stays at ignition power  High power - Burner starts. After ignition period has finished burner stays at high power.  Note:  Before running System Test modes, check if hydronic system capable of dissipating heat.  Both heat exchanger and CH pumps are activated during System Test.  During System Test Mode, boiler will run at fixed power rates until supply water temperature is 93°C/195°F  All other safety functions remain active while in System Test Mode.
	SYSTEM TEST Boiler Pump Off CH\System Pump Off DHW Pump Off	<ul> <li>Pump Test:</li> <li>"Boiler Pump" is not used in this boiler.</li> <li>When "CH/System Pump" is on, boiler internal pump and CH System pump are powered.</li> <li>When "DHW Pump" is on, DHW pump and boiler internal pump are powered.</li> </ul>

## **NOTES**

	SERVICE RECORD																
Company Address & Phone #																	
Company Name & Tech Initials																	
Service Performed																	
Date																	



## **IMPORTANT**

In accordance with Section 325 (f) (3) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, this boiler is equipped with a feature that saves energy by reducing the boiler water temperature as the heating load decreases. This feature is equipped with an override which is provided primarily to permit the use of an external energy management system that serves the same function.

# THIS OVERRIDE MUST NOT BE USED UNLESS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS IS TRUE:

- An external energy management system is installed that reduces the boiler water temperature as the heating load decreases.
- This boiler is not used for any space heating
- This boiler is part of a modular or multiple boiler system having a total input of 300,000 BTU/hr or greater.
- This boiler is equipped with a tankless coil.



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